# STEERING

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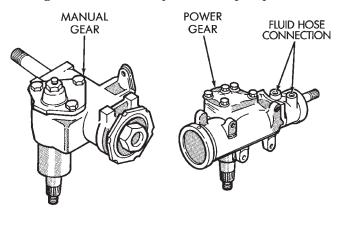
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#### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

## STEERING SYSTEM COMPONENTS

Jeep vehicles can have either a manual or power steering system (Fig. 1). A recirculating-ball type steering gear is used for both systems.

- Power steering systems use;
- Steering gear
- Pressure and return fluid hoses and fittings
- Belt driven steering pump
- Integral or remote body mounted pump reservoir



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#### Fig. 1 Steering Gears

#### **POWER STEERING GEAR**

The steering gear is mounted on the left frame rail. The gear is joined to the intermediate shaft by a universal joint coupling. The coupling helps isolate noise and road shock from the interior.

- The major internal components of the gear are the:
- Rotary valve assembly
- Steering worm shaft
- Rack piston assembly
- Pitman shaft

The movement of these parts, while turning or parking, is aided by hydraulic pressure and flow supplied by the pump. Manual steering is always available at times when the engine is not running or in the event of pump or belt failure. Steering effort is higher under such conditions.

The steering stub shaft, rotary valve, worm shaft, and rack piston assembly are all in line. The oil passages are internal within the gear housing except for pressure and return hoses between the gear and pump.

The power steering gear has a recirculating ball system. This acts as a rolling thread between the worm shaft and rack piston. The worm shaft is supported by a thrust bearing at the lower end and a bearing assembly at the upper end. When the worm shaft is turned right, the rack piston moves up in gear. Turning the worm shaft left moves the rack piston down in gear. The rack piston teeth mesh with the sector, which is part of the pitman shaft. Turning the worm shaft turns the pitman shaft, which turns the wheels through the steering linkage.

The control valve in the steering gear directs the power steering fluid to either side of the rack piston. The rack piston is assisted by hydraulic pressure. If the steering system loses hydraulic pressure, the vehicle can be controlled manually, but with higher steering effort.

An identification code located on the side cover designates the gear ratio (Fig. 2).

• Code BH designates 14:1 ratio used in XJ vehicles

• Code BF designates 13-16:1 ratio used in YJ vehicles

A recirculating-ball steering gear is used with the power (assisted) steering system (Fig. 1). The power steering gear can be adjusted and internally serviced.

#### **POWER STEERING PUMP**

Hydraulic pressure is provided for operation of the power steering gear by a belt driven power steering

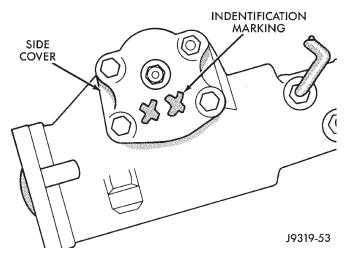


Fig. 2 Ratio Code Location

pump. The power steering pump is a constant flow rate and displacement, vane-type pump. The internal parts in the housing operate submerged in fluid. The flow control orifice is part of the high pressure line fitting. The pressure relief valve inside the flow control valve limits the pump pressure.

Power steering pumps have different pressure rates and are not interchangeable with other pumps.

The power steering pump is connected to the steering gear via high pressure and return hose. The pump shaft has a pressed-on drive pulley that is belt driven by the crankshaft pulley (Fig. 3).

XJ vehicles with 2.5L engines and all YJ vehicles: The reservoir is mounted at the front left side of the engine compartment. XJ vehicles equipped with a 4.0L engine have the reservoir attached to the pump body with spring clips.

#### **STEERING COLUMNS**

Two general types of steering columns are installed on Jeep vehicles: a fixed, non-tilt column and a tilt column (Fig. 4).

The ignition key/lock cylinder is located in the steering column. When the key/lock cylinder is turned to the LOCK position, the ignition switch and steering shaft cannot be operated. For vehicles with an automatic transmission, the lock mechanism also prevents operation of the gear shift mechanism.

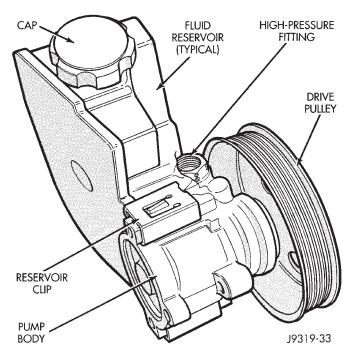
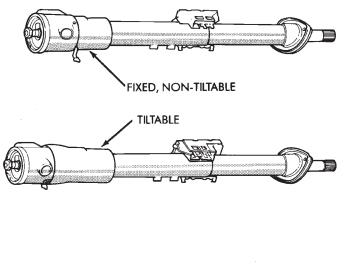


Fig. 3 TC Series Pump With Integral Reservoir



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#### Fig. 4 Steering Columns

The center, slip-type intermediate shaft is attached to the steering gear and steering column shaft with universal joints.

Both types of steering columns have anti-theft provisions. They are energy-absorbing.

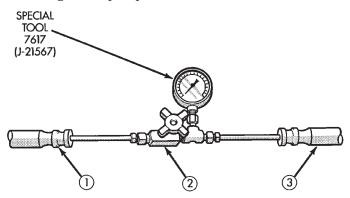
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## PUMP PRESSURE TEST

(1) Check belt tension and adjust as necessary.

(2) Disconnect high pressure hose at gear or pump. Use a container for dripping fluid.

(3) Connect Gauge 7617 (J21567) to both hoses using adapter fitting (Fig. 1). Connect spare pressure hose to gear or pump.



1 Pressure Hose to Steering Gear

2 Shut-Off Valve

3 Pressure Hose From Pump

#### Fig. 1 Pressure Test Gauge

- (4) Open the test valve completely.
- (5) Start engine and let idle.
- (6) Check fluid level, add fluid as necessary.

(7) Gauge should read below 862 kPa (125 psi), if above, inspect the hoses for restrictions and repair as necessary. The initial pressure should be in the range of 345-552 kPa (50-80 psi). CAUTION: The following test procedure involves testing maximum pump pressure output and flow control valve operation. Do not leave valve closed for more than 5 seconds as the pump could be damaged.

(8) Close valve fully three times and record highest pressure indicated each time. All three readings must be above specifications and within 345 kPa (50 psi) of each other.

• Pressures above specifications but not within 345 kPa (50 psi) of each other, replace pump.

• Pressures within 345 kPa (50 psi) of each other but below specifications, replace pump.

## CAUTION: Do not force the pump to operate against the stops for more than 2 to 4 seconds at a time. Pump damage will result.

(9) Open the test valve, turn steering wheel extreme left and right positions against the stops. Record the highest indicated pressure at each position. Compare readings to specifications. If highest output pressures are not the same against either stop, the gear is leaking internally and must be repaired.

## PUMP OPERATING SPECIFICATIONS

VEHICLE	RELIEF PRESSURE (P.S.I.) ± 50
LA	1050
LX I	1400

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PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	CORRECTION
Objectionable ''Hiss''	Noisy relief valve in the hydraulic pump. Steering gear valve noise is transmitted through the steering col- umn or open air passages in the area where the column or controls pass through the floor into engine compart- ment.	There is some noise in all power steering systems. One of the most common is a hiss- ing sound most evident at standstill parking. Hiss is a high frequency noise, that is pre- sent in every valve and results from high velocity fluid passing valve orifice edges. There is no relationship between this noise and performance of the steering. Do not replace the intermediate shaft or gear unless the hiss is extremely objectionable. Check the dashboard seals between the drivers area and under hood to eliminate open spaces.
Rattle Or Chuckle Noise In Steering Gear	<ol> <li>Gear loose on the frame.</li> <li>Steering linkage looseness.</li> <li>Pressure hose touching other parts of vehicle.</li> <li>Loose pitman arm.</li> <li>Improper over-center adjustment. A slight rattle may occur on turns because of increase clearance off the "high point." This is normal and clearance must not be reduced below specified limits to eliminate this slight rattle.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Check the gear mounting bolts. Torque the bolts to specifications.</li> <li>Check linkage pivot points for wear. Replace if necessary.</li> <li>Adjust the hose position. Do not bend tubing by hand.</li> <li>Torque the pitman arm bolt.</li> <li>Adjust to specifications.</li> </ol>

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PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	CORRECTION
Excessive Wheel Kick-Back Or Loose Steering	<ol> <li>Air in the system.</li> <li>Steering gear mounting loose.</li> <li>Steering linkage joints worn.</li> <li>Front wheel bearings incorrectly adjusted or worn.</li> <li>Steering gear improperly adjusted.</li> <li>Worn or missing poppet valve (steering gear).</li> <li>Damaged or worn steering gear.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Add oil to the pump reservoir and bleed. Check hose connectors for proper torque.</li> <li>Tighten attaching bolts to specified torque.</li> <li>Replace loose parts.</li> <li>Adjust the bearings or replace with new parts as necessary.</li> <li>Adjust to specifications.</li> <li>Replace the poppet valve.</li> <li>Disassemble and repair the steering gear as outlined in the unit repair manual.</li> </ol>
Vehicle Leads To One Side Or The Other (Keep In Mind The Road And Wind conditions). Test The Vehicle, Going In Both Directions, On A Flat Road.	<ol> <li>Front end misaligned.</li> <li>Unbalanced steering gear valve. If this is the cause, steering effort will be very light in direction of lead and heavy in opposite direction.</li> <li>Steering shaft rubbing the ID of the shaft tube.</li> <li>Steering linkage not level.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Adjust to specifications.</li> <li>Replace the gear valve.</li> <li>Align the column.</li> <li>Adjust as required.</li> </ol>
Momentary Increase In Effort When Turning The Wheel Quickly To The Right Or Left	<ol> <li>Low oil level in the pump.</li> <li>Pump belt slipping.</li> <li>High internal leakage (steering gear or pump).</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Add power steering fluid as required.</li> <li>Tighten or replace belt.</li> <li>Refer to "Pump Pressure Test" in this section.</li> </ol>
Poor Return Of Steering	<ol> <li>Tires under-inflated.</li> <li>Lower coupling flange rubbing against the steering gear adjuster plug.</li> <li>Steering wheel rubbing against directional signal housing.</li> <li>Tight or frozen steering shaft bearings.</li> <li>Steering linkage or ball joints binding.</li> <li>Steering gear to column misalignment.</li> <li>Tie rod pivots not centralized.</li> <li>Lack of lubricant in the suspension ball joints and the steering linkage.</li> <li>Stuck or plugged spool valve.</li> <li>Rubber spacer binding in the shift tube.</li> <li>Improper front end alignment.</li> <li>Steering gear adjusted too tightly.</li> <li>Kink in return hose.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Inflate to specified pressure.</li> <li>Loosen the pinch bolt and assemble properly.</li> <li>Adjust the steering jacket.</li> <li>Replace the bearings.</li> <li>Replace the affected parts.</li> <li>Align the steering column.</li> <li>Adjust tie rod ends as required to center pivots.</li> <li>Lubricate. Refer to Group O – Lubrication and Maintenance.</li> <li>Remove and clean or replace the valve.</li> <li>Make certain the spacer is properly seated. Lubricate inside the diameter with silicone lubricant.</li> <li>Check and adjust to specifications.</li> <li>Adjust over-center and thrust bearing preload to specifications.</li> <li>Replace the hose.</li> </ol>
Steering Wheel Surges Or Jerks When Turning With Engine Running Especially During Parking	<ol> <li>Low oil level in pump.</li> <li>Loose pump belt.</li> <li>Sticky flow control valve.</li> <li>Insufficient pump pressure.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Add power steering fluid as required.</li> <li>Adjust tension to specifications.</li> <li>Replace or clean the control valve.</li> <li>Refer to "Power Steering System Test" in this section.</li> </ol>

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PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	CORRECTION
Hard Steering Effort In Both Directions	<ol> <li>Low tire pressure.</li> <li>Lack of lubricant in suspension or ball joints.</li> <li>Steering gear to column misalignment.</li> <li>Pump belt slipping.</li> <li>Low fluid level in reservoir.</li> <li>High internal leakage (steering gear or pump).</li> <li>Sticky flow control valve.</li> <li>Lower coupling flange rubbing against steering gear adjuster plug.</li> <li>Steering gear adjusted too tight.</li> <li>Improper front end alignment.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Adjust the tire pressure.</li> <li>Lubricate and relubricate at proper intervals. Refer to Group O – Lubrication and Maintenance.</li> <li>Align the steering column.</li> <li>Tighten or replace belt.</li> <li>Fill to proper level. Inspect lines and joints for external leakage.</li> <li>Refer to "Pump Pressure Test" in this section.</li> <li>Replace or clean the valve.</li> <li>Loosen the pinch bolt and assembly properly.</li> <li>Adjust over-center and thrust bearing preload to specifications.</li> <li>Check and adjust to specifications.</li> </ol>
Foaming Milky Looking Power Steering Fluid, Low Level And Possible Low Pressrue	Air in the fluid, and loss of fluid due to internal pump leakage causing overflow.	Check for leak and correct. Bleed system. Extremely cold temperatures will cause system aeration should the oil level be low. If oil level is correct and pump still foams, remove pump from vehicle and separate reservoir from housing. Check welsh plug and housing for cracks. If plug is loose or housing is cracked, replace housing.
Low Oil Pressure Due To Restriction In The Hose	<ol> <li>Check for kinks in the hose.</li> <li>Foreign object stuck in the hose.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Remove the kinks or replace the hose.</li> <li>Remove the foreign object or replace the hose.</li> </ol>
Low Oil Pressure Due To Steering Gear. Refer To "Power Steering System Test" In This Section	<ol> <li>Pressure loss in cylinder due to worn piston ring or scored housing bore.</li> <li>Leakage at the valve rings and valve body to the worm seal.</li> <li>Leakage at the valve body or a loose fitting spool.</li> <li>Damaged poppet valve.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Disassemble the steering gear as outlined in the unit repair manual. Inspect the ring and housing bore. Replace the affected parts.</li> <li>Disassemble steering gear and replace seals.</li> <li>Replace the valve.</li> <li>Replace the poppet valve.</li> </ol>
Low Oil Pressure Due To Steering Pump. Refer To "Pump Pressure Test" In This Section	<ol> <li>Flow control valve stuck or inoperative.</li> <li>Pressure plate not flat against the cam ring.</li> <li>Extreme wear of cam ring.</li> <li>Air in oil.</li> <li>Low oil level.</li> <li>Pump belt slipping.</li> <li>Damaged hoses or steering gear.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Replace pump.</li> <li>Replace pump, flush system.</li> <li>Locate source of leak and correct. Bleed the system.</li> <li>Add power steering fluid as required.</li> <li>Tighten or replace belt.</li> <li>Replace as necessary.</li> </ol>

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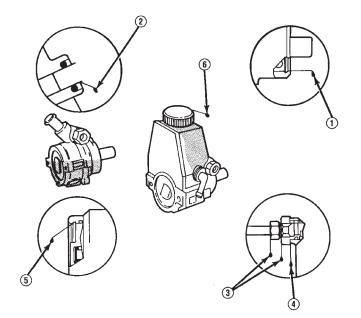
# POWER STEERING SYSTEM DIAGNOSIS

PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	CORRECTION
Chirp Noise In Steering Pump	Pump belt slipping.	Tighten or replace belt.
Belt Squeal (Particularly Noticeable At Full Wheel Travel And Standstill Parking)	Pump belt slipping.	Tighten or replace belt.
Growl Noise In Steering Pump	Excessive back pressure in hoses or steering gear caused by restriction.	Locate restriction and correct.
Growl Noise In Steering Pump (Particularly Noticeable At Standstill Parking)	<ol> <li>Scored pressure plates, thrust plate or rotor.</li> <li>Extreme wear of cam ring.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Replace pump.</li> <li>Replace pump.</li> </ol>
Groan Noise In Steering Pump	<ol> <li>Low oil level.</li> <li>Air in the oil. Poor pressure hose connection.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Add power steering fluid as required.</li> <li>Torque the connector. Bleed the system.</li> </ol>
Rattle Or Knock Noise In Steering Pump	<ol> <li>Pump vanes sticking in rotor slots.</li> <li>Pressure hose touching other parts of vehicle.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Replace pump, flush system.</li> <li>Adjust hose position.</li> </ol>
Swish Noise In Steering Pump	Faulty flow control valve.	Replace pump.
Whine Noise In Steering Pump	Pump shaft bearing scored.	Replace pump.

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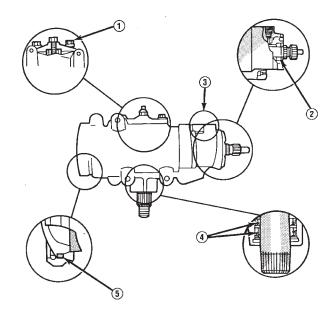
## **PUMP LEAKAGE DIAGNOSIS**



- BUSHING (BEARING) WORN, SEAL WORN. REPLACE PUMP.
   REPLACE RESERVOIR ORING SEAL.
   TORQUE HOSE FITTING NUT TO 35 Nom (25 fr. lbs.). IF LEAKAGE PERSISTS, REPLACE ORING SEAL.
   TORQUE FITTING TO 75 Nom (55 fr. lbs.). IF LEAKAGE PERSISTS, REPLACE ORING SEAL.
   REPLACE ORING SEAL.
   REPLACE PUMP.
   CHECK OIL LEVEL; IF LEAKAGE PERSISTS WITH THE LEVEL CORRECT AND CAP TIGHT, REPLACE THE CAP.

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#### **GEAR LEAKAGE DIAGNOSIS**



- 1. SIDE COVER LEAK TORQUE SIDE COVER BOLTS TO 60 Nom (45 FT. LBS.), REPLACE THE SIDE COVER SEAL IF THE LEAKAGE PERSISTS.
- 2 . ADJUSTER PLUG SEAL · REPLACE THE ADJUSTER PLUG SEALS.
- 3 . PRESSURE LINE FITTING TORQUE THE HOSE FITTING NUT TO 27 Nºm (20 FT. LBS.). IF LEAKAGE PERSISTS, REPLACE THE SEAL.
- 4 . PITMAN SHAFT SEALS REPLACE THE SEALS.
- 5 . TOP COVER SEAL REPLACE THE SEAL.

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# POWER STEERING PUMP

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## SERVICE INFORMATION

The power steering pump internal components are not serviced or adjusted. If a malfunction or an internal fluid leak occurs, the complete unit must be replaced. A reservoir, cap, and O-ring seal kit are the only service components available.

#### PRESSURE AND RETURN HOSE REPLACEMENT

Cap hose open ends and pump/steering gear fittings to prevent entry of foreign material.

WARNING: POWER STEERING FLUID (AND PUMP COMPONENTS) AND THE EXHAUST SYSTEM CAN BE EXTREMELY HOT IF THE ENGINE HAS BEEN RECENTLY OPERATING. DO NOT START THE EN-GINE WITH ANY LOOSE OR DISCONNECTED HOSES. DO NOT ALLOW THE HOSES TO TOUCH A HOT EXHAUST MANIFOLD OR THE CATALYTIC CONVERTER.

#### REMOVAL

(1) Remove fasteners from hose retaining brackets at all locations.

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(2) If applicable, remove pressure sensor from pressure hose (Fig. 1, 2).

(3) Disconnect pressure and return hose from the steering gear. Drain the fluid from pump and reservoir (Fig. 1, 2, 3).

(4) Disconnect pressure and return hose from the pump. Remove hoses from vehicle (Fig. 1, 2, 3).

#### **INSTALLATION**

(1) Wipe hose ends, pump and gear unions clean.

(2) Connect hose at steering gear and pump. Route hose while avoiding extreme bends or kinks. **The hose must be kept away from exhaust system components.** Do not distort hose tube ends by bending, kinking or over tightening.

(3) If applicable, install and tighten pressure sensor to 28 N·m (252 in. lbs.) torque (Fig. 1, 2).

(4) When used, the protective foam sleeves must be properly positioned on the hose to prevent chafing.

(5) Tighten fittings at pump and gear to 35 N·m (25 ft. lbs.) torque.

(6) Install clamps on return hose on gear, pump and reservoir.

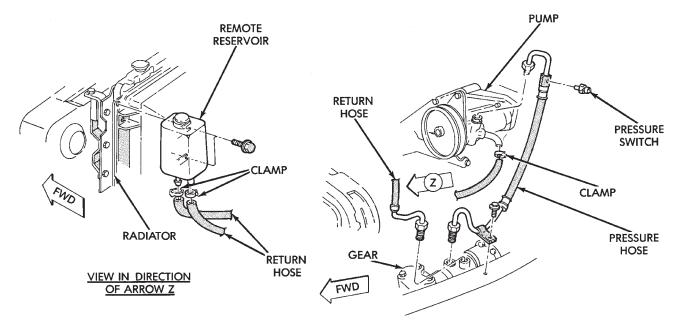
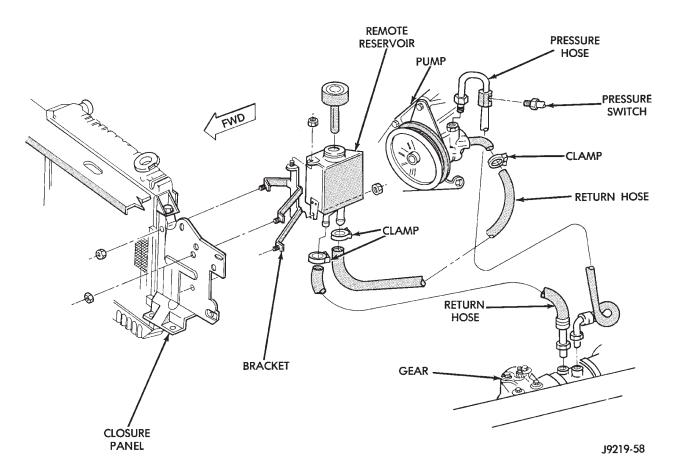


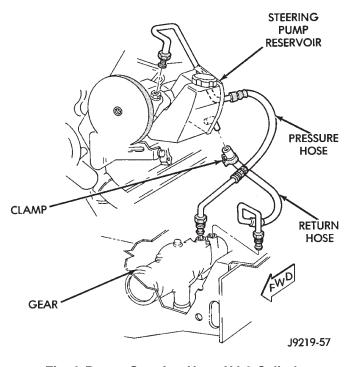
Fig. 1 Power Steering Hose YJ

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## Fig. 2 Power Steering Hose XJ 4 Cylinder



## Fig. 3 Power Steering Hose XJ 6 Cylinder

(7) After installation, inspect and test for fluid leaks.

PUMP REPLACEMENT

#### REMOVAL

CAUTION: The drive belt tension must be released before removing the pump. If the belt is not loosened, the pump pulley could be damaged.

(1) Remove serpentine drive belt. Refer to Group 7, Cooling for additional information.

(2) Place a drain pan under pump.

(3) Remove pressure and return hoses from pump. Refer to Pressure and Return Hose Replacement in this section.

(4) Remove 2 rear bracket-to-pump bolts (Fig. 4).

(5) Remove lower nut at adjustment bracket.

(6) Remove adjuster bolt.

(7) Remove upper pivot bolt.

(8) Tilt pump forward and remove pump and front bracket assembly from engine bracket.

(9) Remove adjuster collar at lower stud on pump bracket.

(10) Remove pulley from pump. Refer to Drive Pulley Replacement in this section (Fig. 5).

(11) Remove 3 front bracket-to-pump bolts.

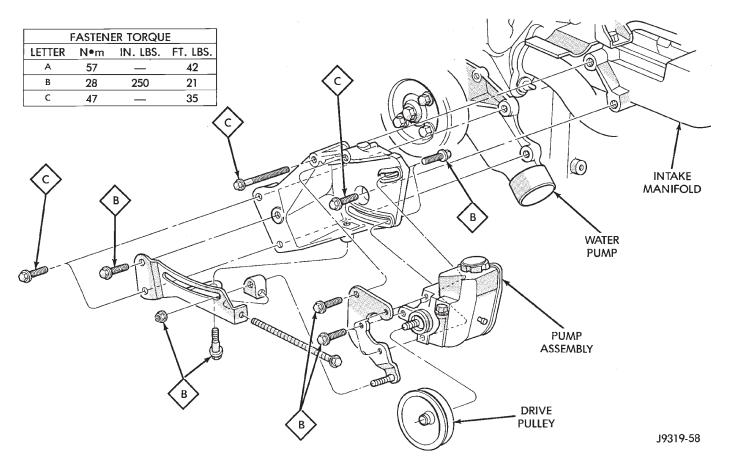


Fig. 4 Pump Mounting (4.0L I-6)

## INSTALLATION

(1) Install 3 front bracket-to-pump bolts. Tighten to 28 N·m (21 ft. lbs.) torque.

(2) Install pulley on pump. Refer to Drive Pulley Replacement in this section (Fig. 6).

(3) Install adjuster collar on adjuster bracket stud (Fig. 4).

(4) Tilt pump forward and install pump onto engine bracket.

(5) Install upper pivot bolt.

(6) Install lower adjuster bolt.

(7) Install lower adjuster stud nut.

(8) Install 2 rear engine bracket to pump bolts. Tighten to 28 N·m (21 ft. lbs.) torque.

(9) Install the serpentine drive belt. Refer to Group 7, Cooling for additional information.

(10) Install the pressure and return hoses to pump. Refer to Pressure and Return Hose Replacement in this section.

(11) Add power steering fluid. Refer to Power Steering Pump Initial Operation in this section.

# DRIVE PULLEY REPLACEMENT

## REMOVAL

(1) Remove power steering pump. Refer to Pump Replacement in this section.

(2) Remove the drive pulley with Puller C-4333 (J-25034-B) (Fig. 5).

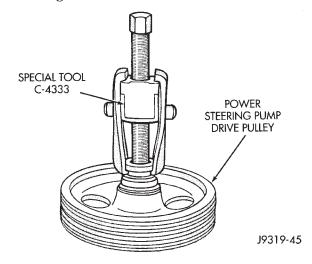
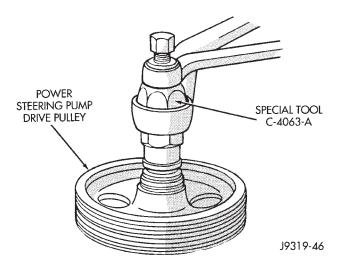


Fig. 5 Remove Drive Pulley (Typical)

Do not hammer on any part of drive pulley, damage will occur to the pump and pulley.

## INSTALLATION

(1) Install the pulley with Installer C-4063 (J-25033-B) (Fig. 6). Do not use the tool adapters.



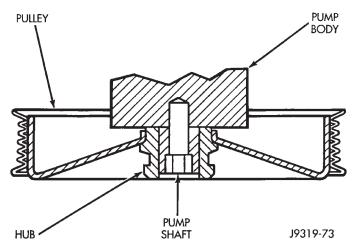
#### Fig. 6 Install Drive Pulley (Typical)

(2) Be sure tool and pulley remain aligned and NOT cocked with the pump shaft.

(3) Press the pulley on flush with end of pump shaft (Fig. 7).

(4) Install power steering pump. Refer to Pump Replacement in this section.

With Serpentine Belts; Run engine until warm (5 min.) and note any belt chirp. If chirp exists, move pulley outward approximately 0.5 mm (0.020 in.). If noise increases, press on 1.0 mm (0.040 in.). Be careful that pulley does not contact mounting bolts.





## RESERVOIR REPLACEMENT

## REMOVAL

(1) Remove power steering pump. Refer to Pump Replacement in this section.

- (2) Clean exterior of pump with solvent.
- (3) Clamp the pump body in a soft jaw vice.

(4) Pry up tab and slide the retaining clip off (Fig. 8).

(5) Remove fluid reservoir from pump body. Remove and discard O-ring seal (Fig. 9).

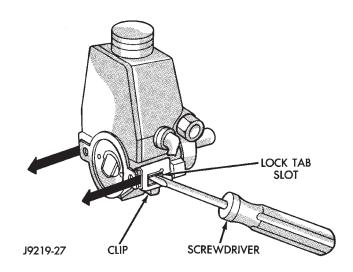


Fig. 8 Remove Reservoir Clips (Typical)

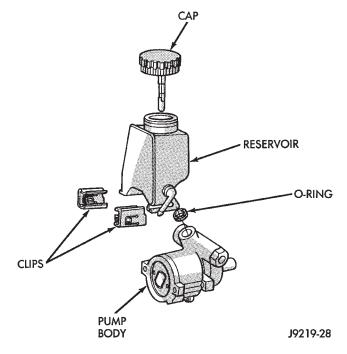


Fig. 9 Remove Reservoir (Typical)

## **INSTALLATION**

(1) Lubricate new O-ring Seal with Mopar Power Steering Fluid or equivalent.

- (2) Install O-ring seal in housing.
- (3) Install reservoir onto housing.

(4) Slide and tap in reservoir retainer clips until tab locks to housing.

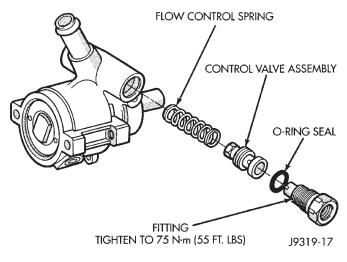
(5) Install power steering pump. Refer to Pump Replacement in this section.

## FLOW CONTROL VALVE FITTING O-RING SEAL

#### REMOVAL

(1) Clean area around fitting to prevent dirt from entering pump. Remove pressure hose from pump fitting.

(2) Remove fitting from pump housing (Fig. 10). **Prevent flow control valve and spring from sliding out of housing bore.** 



#### Fig. 10 Flow Control Valve Fitting

(3) Remove and discard O-ring seal.

#### **INSTALLATION**

(1) If necessary, clean and install flow control valve and spring in pump housing bore. **Be sure the hex nut end of the valve is facing in toward pump.** 

(2) Install O-ring seal onto fitting (Fig. 10).

(3) Install flow control valve in pump housing and tighten to 75 N·m (55 ft. lbs.) torque.

(4) Install pressure hose to valve.

#### POWER STEERING PUMP—INITIAL OPERATION

CAUTION: The fluid level should be checked with engine off to prevent injury from moving components. Use only Mopar Power Steering Fluid. Do not use automatic transmission fluid. Do not overfill.

Wipe filler cap clean, then check the fluid level. The dipstick should indicate FULL COLD when the fluid is at normal temperature 21°C to 27°C (70°F to 80°F).

(1) Fill the pump fluid reservoir to the proper level and let the fluid settle for at least two (2) minutes.

(2) Start the engine and let run for a few seconds. Then turn the engine off.

(3) Add fluid if necessary. Repeat the above procedure until the fluid level remains constant after running the engine.

(4) Raise the front wheels off the ground.

(5) Start the engine. Slowly turn the steering wheel right and left, lightly contacting the wheel stops.

(6) Add power steering fluid if necessary.

(7) Lower the vehicle and turn the steering wheel slowly from lock to lock.

(8) Stop the engine. Check the fluid level and refill as required.

(9) If the fluid is extremely foamy, allow the vehicle to stand a few minutes and repeat the above procedure.

# STEERING LINKAGE—XJ

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## SERVICE INFORMATION

The steering linkage consists of a pitman arm, drag link, tie rod, and steering dampener. Adjustment sleeves are used on the tie rod and drag link for toe and steering wheel alignment.

Refer to Group 2, Front Suspension and Axle for additional information.

The tie-rod end ball stud seals should be inspected during all oil changes.

A damaged ball stud seal requires removal of the seal. Inspect the tie-rod end ball stud at the throat opening. Check for lubricant loss, contamination, ball stud wear or corrosion. If these conditions exist, replace the tie-rod. A replacement seal can be installed if lubricant is in good condition. Otherwise, a complete replacement ball stud end should be installed. Lubricate the tie-rod end with MOPAR<sup>®</sup> Multi-Mileage Lubricant, or equivalent product.

Use a Puller tool for tie rod removal. Failure to use this tool could damage the ball stud and seal (Fig. 1).

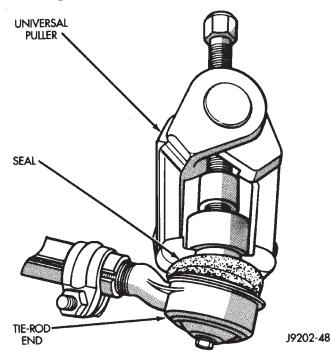


Fig. 1 Ball Stud Removal

		•	•
Steering	Dampener		15
Lie Rod	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	• •	14

## TIE ROD

## REMOVAL

(1) Remove the cotter pins and nuts at the tie rod ball studs and drag link (Fig. 2).

(2) Loosen the ball studs with a puller tool to remove the tie rod.

(3) If necessary, loosen the end clamp bolts and remove the tie rod ends from the tube.

#### **INSTALLATION**

(1) If necessary, install the tie rod ends in the tube (Fig. 2). Position the tie rod clamp as shown (Fig. 3) and tighten to 27 N·m (20 ft. lbs.) torque.

(2) Install the tie rod on the drag link and steering knuckle. Install the retaining nuts.

(3) Tighten the ball stud nut on the steering knuckle to 47 N·m (35 ft. lbs.) torque. Tighten the ball stud nut to drag link to 75 N·m (55 ft. lbs.) torque. Install new cotter pins.

#### DRAG LINK

#### REMOVAL

# The drag link ball stud cannot be disassembled for service.

(1) Remove the steering dampener ball stud from the drag link with a puller tool.

(2) Remove the drag link from the steering knuckle with a puller tool. Remove the same for tie rod and pitman arm.

(3) If necessary, loosen the end clamp bolts and remove the tie rod end from the link.

#### **INSTALLATION**

(1) Install the drag link adjustment sleeve and tie rod end. Position clamp bolts as shown (Fig. 3).

(2) Position the drag link at the steering linkage (Fig. 2).

Install the nut that attach the drag link to the steering knuckle. Do the same for the tie rod and pitman arm.

(3) Tighten the nut at the steering knuckle to 47 N·m (35 ft. lbs.) torque. Tighten the pitman and tie rod ball stud nuts to 75 N·m (55 ft. lbs.) torque. Install new cotter pins.

J

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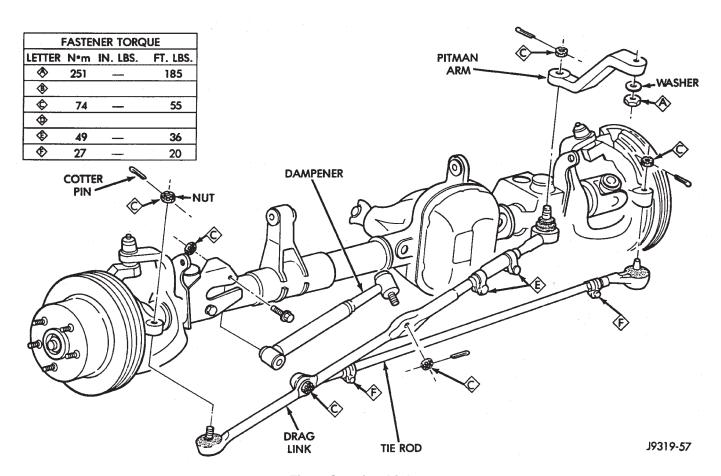


Fig. 2 Steering Linkage

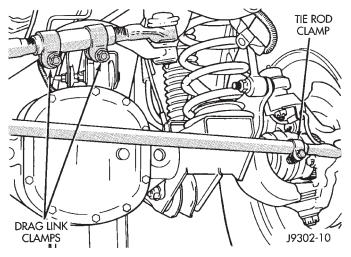


Fig. 3 Tie Rod/Drag Link Clamp Bolt

(4) Install the steering dampener onto the drag link. Tighten the nut to 47 N·m (35 ft. lbs.) torque. Install a new cotter pin.

## STEERING DAMPENER

#### REMOVAL

(1) Place the front wheels in a straight-ahead position.

(2) Remove the steering dampener retaining nut and bolt from the axle bracket (Fig. 2).

(3) Remove the cotter pin and nut from the ball stud at the drag link (Fig. 2).

(4) Remove the steering dampener ball stud from the drag link with a puller tool.

#### **INSTALLATION**

(1) Install the steering dampener to the axle bracket and drag link.

(2) Install the steering dampener bolt in the axle bracket. Tighten the nut to 75 N·m (55 ft. lbs.) torque.

(3) Install the ball stud nut at the drag link. Tighten the nut to 75 N·m (55 ft. lbs.) torque. Install a new cotter pin.

#### PITMAN ARM

## REMOVAL

(1) Remove the cotter pin and nut from the drag link at the pitman arm.

(2) Remove the drag link ball stud from the pitman arm with a puller.

(3) Remove the nut and washer from the steering gear shaft. Mark the pitman shaft and pitman arm for installation reference. Remove the pitman arm from steering gear with Puller 7998 or C-4150 (Fig. 4).

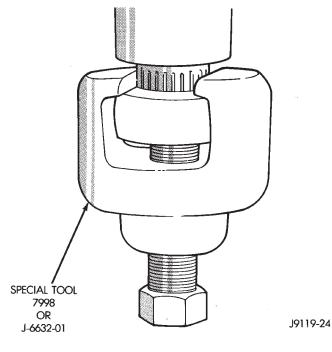


Fig. 4 Pitman Arm Removal

## INSTALLATION

(1) Align and install the pitman arm on steering gear shaft.

(2) Install the washer and nut on the shaft. Tighten the nut to 251 N·m (185 ft. lbs.) torque.

(3) Install drag link ball stud to pitman arm (Fig. 4). Install and tighten nut to 74 N·m (55 ft. lbs.) torque. Install a new cotter pin.

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# STEERING LINKAGE—YJ

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Pitman Arm																 18
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## SERVICE INFORMATION

The steering linkage consists of a pitman arm, drag link, tie rod, and steering dampener. Adjustment sleeves are used on the tie rod and drag link for toe and steering wheel alignment.

Refer to Group 2, Front Suspension and Axle for additional information.

The tie-rod end ball stud seals should be inspected during all oil changes.

A damaged ball stud seal requires removal of the seal. Inspect the tie-rod end ball stud at the throat opening. Check for lubricant loss, contamination, ball stud wear or corrosion. If these conditions exist, replace the tie-rod. A replacement seal can be installed if lubricant is in good condition. Otherwise, a complete replacement ball stud end should be installed. Lubricate the tie-rod end with MOPAR<sup>®</sup> Multi-Mileage Lubricant, or equivalent product.

Use a Puller tool for tie rod removal. Failure to use this tool could damage the ball stud and seal (Fig. 1).

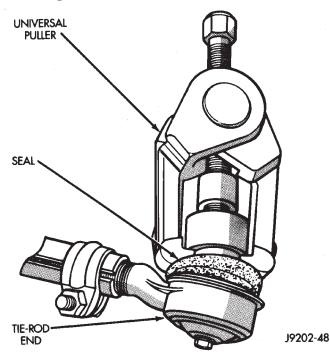


Fig. 1 Ball Stud Removal

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	Dampener																								
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## TIE ROD

## REMOVAL

(1) Remove the cotter pins and nuts at the steering knuckles and drag link (Fig. 2). Remove the steering dampener from the tie rod.

(2) Loosen the ball studs with a puller tool to remove the tie rod.

(3) If necessary, loosen the end clamp bolts and remove the tie rod end from the tube.

#### **INSTALLATION**

(1) If necessary, install the tie rod end in the tube (Fig. 2). Position the tie rod clamp as shown (Fig. 3). Tighten the ball-stud end clamp bolts to 49 N·m (36 ft. lbs.) torque.

(2) Install the tie rod on the drag link and steering knuckles. Install the retaining nuts. Install the steering dampener to the tie rod.

(3) Tighten the ball stud nut on the steering knuckle to 47 N·m (35 ft. lbs.) torque. Tighten the ball stud nut to drag link to 75 N·m (55 ft. lbs.) torque. Tighten the steering dampener nut to 74 N·m (55 ft. lbs.) torque. Install new cotter pins.

#### DRAG LINK

#### REMOVAL

(1) Remove the cotter pins and nuts at the tie rod and pitman arm (Fig. 2).

(2) Remove the drag link from the tie rod and pitman arm with a puller tool.

(3) If necessary, loosen the end clamp bolts and remove the tie rod ends from the tube.

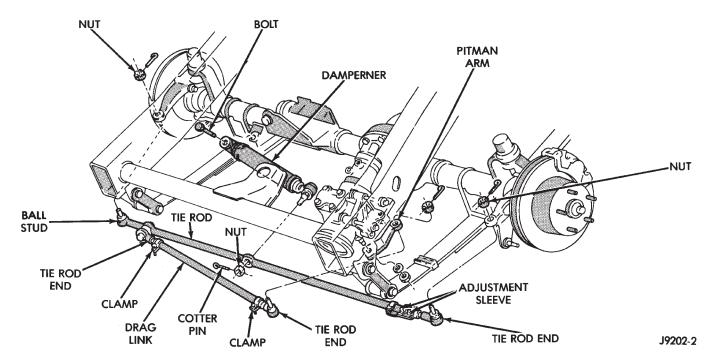
#### **INSTALLATION**

(1) Install the drag link adjustment sleeve and tie rod ends. Position clamp bolts as shown (Fig. 3).

(2) Position the drag link at the steering linkage (Fig. 2).

Install the drag link to tie rod and pitman arm.

(3) Tighten the nut at the pitman arm to 74 N·m (55 ft. lbs.) torque. Tighten the tie rod ball stud nut to 75 N·m (55 ft. lbs.) torque. Install new cotter pins.



#### Fig. 2 Steering Linkage

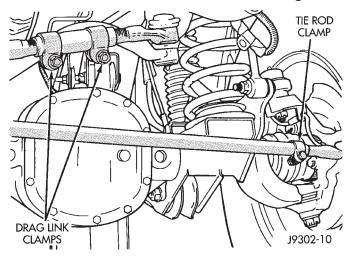


Fig. 3 Tie Rod/Drag Link Clamp Bolt

# STEERING DAMPENER

#### REMOVAL

(1) Place the front wheels in a straight-ahead position.

(2) Remove the steering dampener retaining nut and bolt from the axle bracket (Fig. 2).

(3) Remove the cotter pin and nut from the ball stud at the tie rod (Fig. 2).

(4) Remove the steering dampener ball stud from the tie rod with a puller tool.

#### INSTALLATION

(1) Install the steering dampener to the axle bracket and tie rod.

(2) Install the steering dampener bolt in the axle bracket. Tighten the nut to 74 N·m (55 ft. lbs.) torque.

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(3) Install the ball stud nut at the tie rod. Tighten the nut to 74 N·m (55 ft. lbs.) torque. Install a new cotter pin.

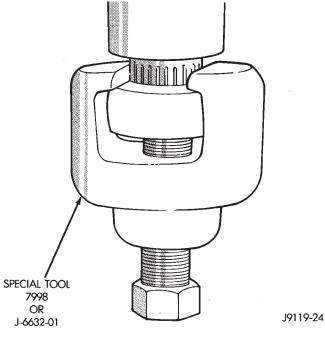
## PITMAN ARM

#### REMOVAL

(1) Remove the cotter pin and nut from the drag link at the pitman arm.

(2) Remove the drag link ball stud from the pitman arm with a puller.

(3) Remove the nut and washer from the steering gear shaft. Mark the pitman shaft and pitman arm for installation reference. Remove the pitman arm from steering gear with Puller 7998 or C-4150 (Fig. 4).



## INSTALLATION

(1) Align and install the pitman arm on steering gear shaft.

(2) Install the washer and nut on the shaft. Tighten the nut to 251 N·m (185 ft. lbs.) torque.

(3) Install drag link ball stud to pitman arm (Fig. 4). Install and tighten nut to 74 N·m (55 ft. lbs.) torque. Install a new cotter pin.

Fig. 4 Pitman Arm Removal

# **RECIRCULATING BALL POWER STEERING GEAR**

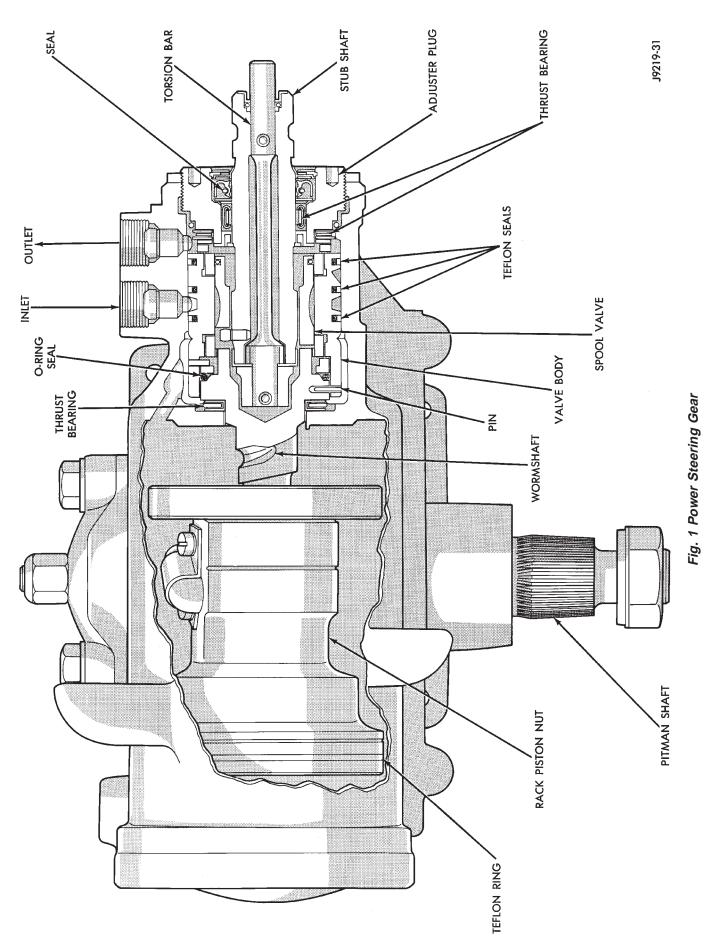
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## SERVICE INFORMATION

A recirculating-ball steering gear is used with the power (assisted) steering system (Fig. 1). The power steering gear can be adjusted and internally serviced. Discard all O-ring seals during disassembly, they are not re-usable.

Safety goggles should be worn at all times when involved with power steering gear or pump service.



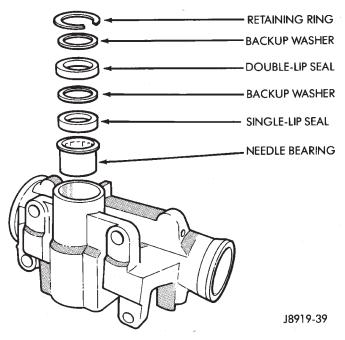
# PITMAN SHAFT SEALS—IN CAR REPLACEMENT

## REMOVAL

(1) Remove pitman arm from gear. Refer to Pitman Arm Removal in Steering Linkage.

(2) Clean exposed end of pitman shaft and housing. Use a wire brush to clean the shaft splines.

(3) Remove retaining ring with snap ring pliers (Fig. 2).



#### Fig. 2 Pitman Shaft Seals

CAUTION: Use care not to score the housing bore when prying out seals and washers.

(4) Remove backup washer and double lip seal with screwdriver.

• Start the engine and turn the steering wheel fully to the LEFT to force out the seals and washers.

• Stop the engine

(5) Remove backup washer and single lip seal with screwdriver.

(6) Inspect the housing for burrs and remove if necessary. Inspect the pitman shaft seal surface for roughness and pitting. If pitted replace shaft.

#### INSTALLATION

(1) Install single lip seal with Installer or a suitable size deep socket (Fig. 3).

(2) Coat the double lip seal and washer with grease.

- (3) Install the backup washer.
- (4) Install the double lip seal.
- (5) Install the backup washer.
- (6) Install the retainer ring with snap ring pliers.

(7) Center the steering gear.

(8) Install the pitman arm. Refer to Pitman Arm Installation in Steering Linkage.

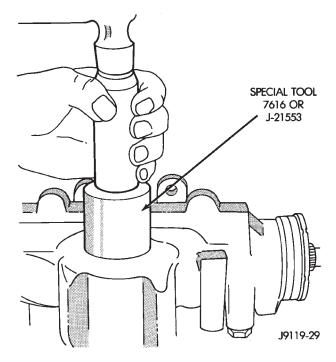


Fig. 3 Pitman Shaft Seal Installation

(9) Add power steering fluid. Refer to Power Steering Initial Operation.

## INTERMEDIATE (COUPLING) SHAFT

#### REMOVAL

(1) Place the front wheels in the straight ahead position.

(2) Remove the shaft pinch bolt at the steering gear and column (Fig. 4, 5). Unbolt steering gear from frame rail to remove shaft. Refer to Steering Gear Replacement in this section.

#### **INSTALLATION**

(1) Align the intermediate (coupler) shaft to the steering gear and column.

(2) Position the steering gear on the frame. Refer to Steering Gear Replacement in this section.

(3) Install and tighten the pinch bolts to 34 N·m (25 ft. lbs.) torque.

## STEERING GEAR REPLACEMENT

#### REMOVAL

(1) Place the front wheels in the straight ahead position with the steering wheel centered.

(2) Disconnect and cap the fluid hoses from steering gear. Refer to Pressure and Return Hose Replacement in this Group.

(3) Remove the column coupler shaft from the gear. Refer to the removal procedures in this section.

(4) Remove pitman arm from gear. Refer to Pitman Arm Removal in the Steering Linkage section.

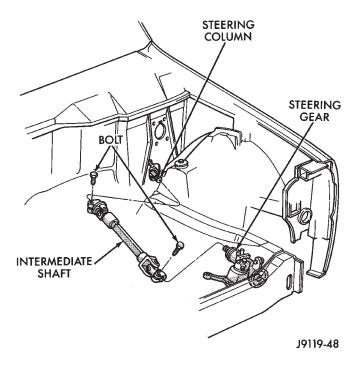
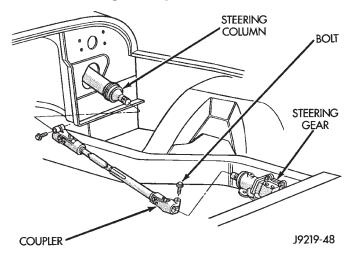


Fig. 4 Coupler Shaft—XJ



#### Fig. 5 Coupler Shaft—YJ

(5) Remove the steering gear retaining bolts and nuts. Remove the steering gear from the vehicle (Fig. 6, 7).

## INSTALLATION

(1) Align the column coupler shaft to steering gear. Refer to Column Coupler installation in this section.

(2) Position the steering gear (and bracket) on the frame rail and install the bolts.

XJ—Tighten the bolts to 95 N·m (70 ft. lbs.) torque
YJ—Tighten the bolts to 105 N·m (78 ft. lbs.) torque

(3) Align and install the pitman arm. Refer to Pitman Arm Installation in the Steering Linkage section.

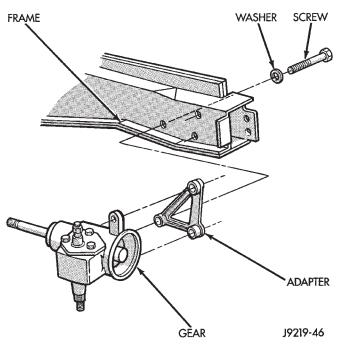
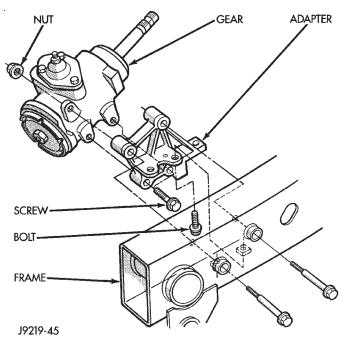


Fig. 6 Steering Gear Mounting—XJ



## Fig. 7 Steering Gear Mounting—YJ

(4) Connect fluid hoses to steering gear. Refer to Pressure and Return Hose Replacement in this Group.

## STEERING GEAR ADJUSTMENTS

#### SERVICE INFORMATION

Adjusting the steering gear in the vehicle is **NOT** recommended. Remove the gear from the vehicle and mount in a vise. Drain the power steering fluid and make the following adjustments in this order:

• FIRST - worm thrust bearing preload

• SECOND - over-center preload adjustment

## WORM THRUST BEARING PRELOAD ADJUSTMENT

(1) Remove adjuster plug locknut (Fig. 8).

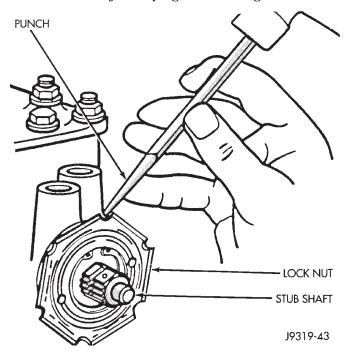
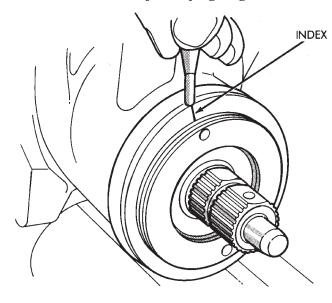


Fig. 8 Loosening the Adjuster Plug Locknut

(2) Turn the adjuster in with Spanner Wrench C-4381 (J7624). Tighten the plug and thrust bearing in the housing until firmly bottomed in housing.

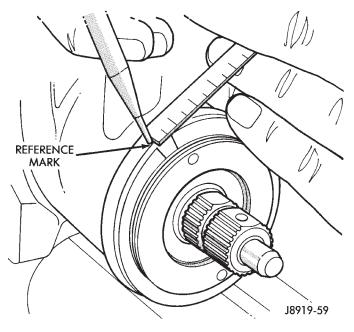
(3) Place an index mark on the housing even with one of the holes in adjuster plug (Fig. 9).



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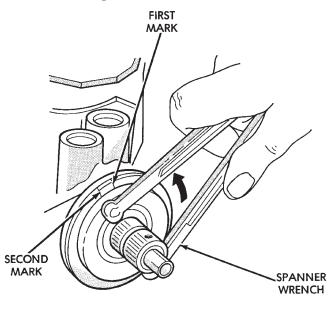
Fig. 9 Alignment Marking On Housing

(4) Measure back (counterclockwise) 13 mm (0.50 in) and mark housing (Fig. 10).



### Fig. 10 Remarking The Housing

(5) Rotate adjustment cap back (counterclockwise) with spanner wrench until hole is aligned with the second mark (Fig. 11).



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## Fig. 11 Aligning To The Second Mark

(6) Install and tighten locknut to  $109 \text{ N}\cdot\text{m}$  (80 ft. lbs.) torque. Be sure adjustment cap does not turn while tightening the locknut.

#### **OVER-CENTER ADJUSTMENT**

(1) Rotate the stub shaft from stop to stop and count the number of turns.

(2) Starting at either stop turn the stub shaft back 1/2 the total number of turns. This is the center of the gear travel (Fig. 12).

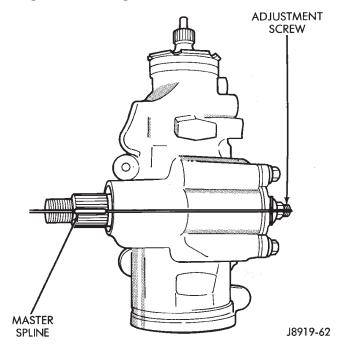


Fig. 12 Steering Gear Centered

(3) Turn the pitman shaft adjuster screw back (COUNTERCLOCKWISE) until extended, then turn back in (CLOCKWISE) one full turn.

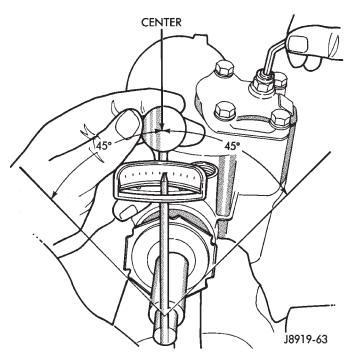
(4) Place the torque wrench in the vertical position on the stub shaft. Rotate the wrench 45 degrees each side of the center and record the highest rotational torque on center (Fig. 13).

(5) Turn the adjuster in until torque to turn stub shaft is 0.6 to 1.2 N·m (6.0 to 10.0 in. lbs.) more than reading in Step 4.

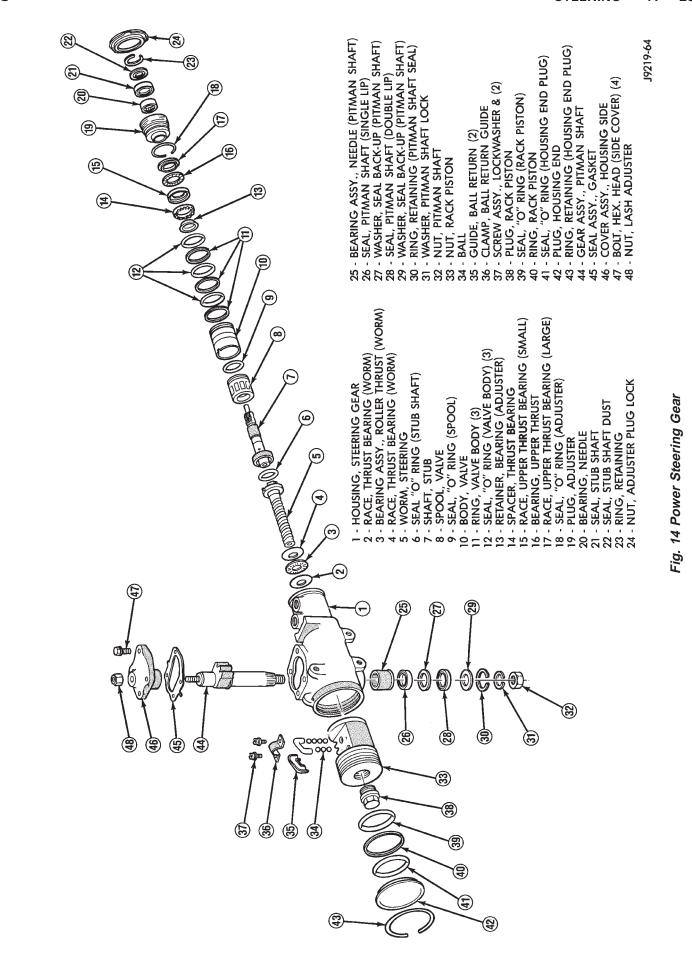
(6) Prevent the adjuster screw from turning while tightening adjuster lock nut. Tighten the adjuster lock nut to 49 N·m (36 ft. lbs.).

# GEAR DISASSEMBLY INFORMATION

CAUTION: Cleanliness is extremely important when repairing a power steering gear. Keep the bench, tools and components clean at all times. Thoroughly clean the exterior of the gear with cleaning solvent before disassembly. Drain as much of the fluid as possible. Use protective vise jaws at all times when clamping components. During assem-



*Fig. 13 Checking Over-center Rotation Torque* bly, lubricate all components with power steering fluid except where noted (Fig. 14).



STEERING 19 - 25

# PITMAN SHAFT AND SIDE COVER REPLACEMENT

#### REMOVE

(1) Remove steering gear from vehicle. Refer to Power Steering Gear Replacement in this section.

(2) Remove pitman arm from steering gear. Refer to Pitman Arm Removal in the Steering Linkage section.

(3) Rotate stub shaft back and forth to drain power steering fluid.

#### DISASSEMBLE

• Clean exposed end of pitman shaft and housing.

• Clean pitman shaft spline with a wire brush.

(1) Remove preload adjuster nut.

(2) Rotate stub shaft with socket to center gear. Remove side cover bolts.

(3) Remove side cover, gasket and pitman shaft as an assembly.

(4) Remove pitman shaft from the side cover (Fig. 15).

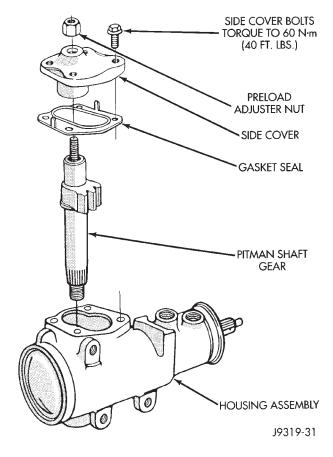


Fig. 15 Side Cover and Pitman Shaft

## ASSEMBLE

(1) Install pitman shaft to side cover by screwing shaft in until it fully seats to side cover.

(2) Install preload adjuster nut. Do not tighten nut until after pitman shaft adjustment has been made. (3) Install gasket to side cover and bend tabs around edges of side cover.

(4) Install pitman shaft assembly and side cover to housing.

(5) Install side cover bolts and tighten to 60 N·m (44 ft. lbs.).

(6) Adjust pitman shaft, refer to Over-Center Adjustment.

#### INSTALL

(1) Install steering gear. Refer to Power Steering Gear Replacement in this section.

(2) Install pitman arm onto steering gear. Refer to Steering Linkage in this Group.

#### HOUSING END PLUG

#### REMOVE

(1) Remove steering gear from vehicle. Refer to Power Steering Gear Replacement in this section.

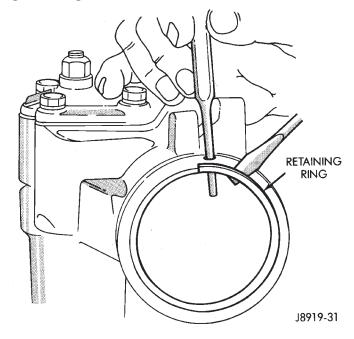
(2) Remove pitman arm from steering gear. Refer to Steering Linkage in this Group.

(3) Rotate stub shaft back and forth to drain power steering fluid.

#### DISASSEMBLE

• Rotate stub shaft back and forth to drain fluid

(1) Rotate retaining ring until one end is under the hole in the housing. Unseat and force ring from groove (Fig. 16).



## Fig. 16 End Plug Retaining Ring

(2) Rotate stub shaft slowly COUNTER-CLOCK-WISE to remove end plug out from housing (Fig. 17).

CAUTION: Do not turn stub shaft any farther than necessary. The recirculating balls will drop out of the rack piston circuit and fall inside the rack piston chamber.

(3) Remove O-ring seal (Fig. 17).

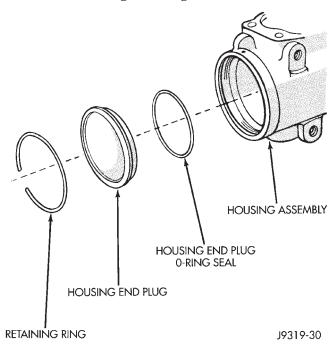


Fig. 17 End Plug Components

## ASSEMBLE

• Lubricate O-ring seal with power steering fluid

(1) Install O-ring into housing.

(2) Install plug, tap lightly with a plastic mallet to seat it.

(3) Install retaining ring with open end 25 mm (1 inch) from access hole (Fig. 18).

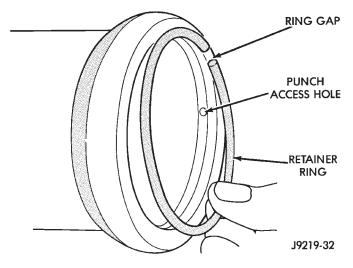


Fig. 18 Installing The Retaining Ring

## INSTALL

(1) Install steering gear. Refer to Power Steering Gear Replacement in this section.

(2) Install pitman arm onto steering gear. Refer to Steering Linkage in this Group.

# ADJUSTER PLUG ASSEMBLY REPLACEMENT

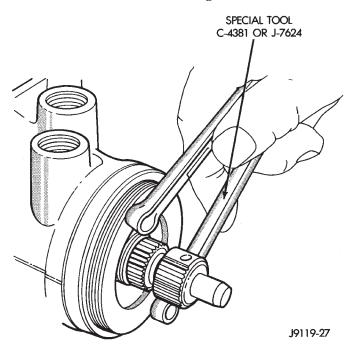
## REMOVE

(1) Remove steering gear from vehicle. Refer to Power Steering Gear Replacement in this section.

## DISASSEMBLE

(1) Remove adjuster plug lock nut from housing.

(2) Remove adjuster plug from housing with Spanner Wrench C-4381 (J7624) (Fig. 19).



## Fig. 19 Remove/Install Adjustment Plug

(3) Remove thrust washer bearing retainer from adjuster plug with screwdriver (Fig. 20).

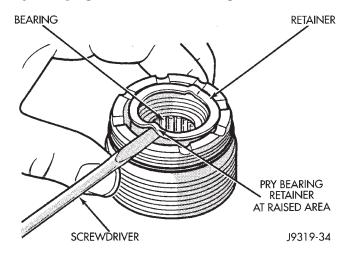
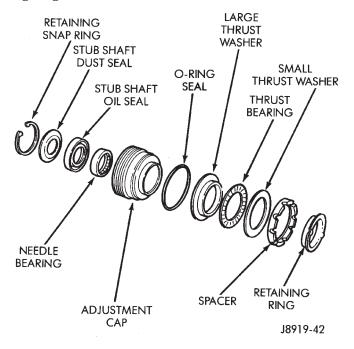


Fig. 20 Remove Retainer

(4) Remove bearing spacer, races and thrust bearing (Fig. 21).



#### Fig. 21 Adjustment Plug (Cap) Components

- (5) Remove O-ring seal.
- (6) Remove retaining snap ring.
- (7) Remove needle bearing, dust seal and lip seal with an appropriate tool (Fig. 22).

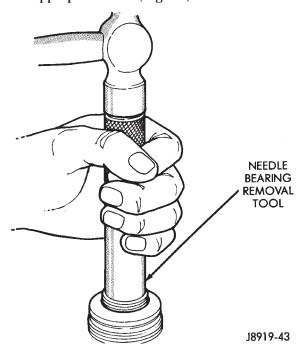


Fig. 22 Needle Bearing Removal

## ASSEMBLE

CAUTION: Needle bearing must be installed with identification on bearing facing tool to prevent damage to bearing.

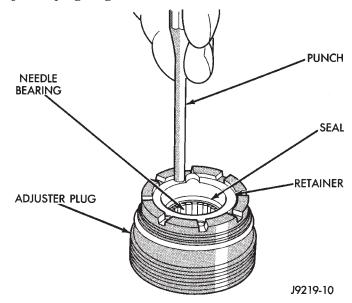
(1) Install needle bearing into adjuster plug with an appropriate tool.

(2) Install lip seal and dust seal into adjuster plug with an appropriate tool.

- (3) Install retainer snap ring.
- (4) Install O-ring seal to adjuster plug.

(5) Install large bearing race, thrust bearing, small bearing race and bearing spacer to adjuster plug.

(6) Install thrust washer bearing retainer to adjuster plug (Fig. 23).



#### Fig. 23 Install Retainer

CAUTION: When installing adjuster plug, care should be taken NOT to cut the seals.

(7) Install adjuster plug into housing with Spanner Wrench C-4381 (J7624).

(8) Adjust bearing preload, refer to Thrust Bearing Preload Adjustment.

(9) Install adjuster plug lock nut, and using a punch (drift) in a notch, tighten securely (Fig. 24). **Hold adjuster plug to maintain alignment of the marks.** 

(10) Adjust pitman shaft. Refer to Over-Center Adjustment.

#### INSTALL

(1) Install steering gear. Refer to Power Steering Gear Replacement in this section.

## VALVE REPLACEMENT

#### REMOVE

(1) Remove steering gear from vehicle. Refer to Power Steering Gear Replacement in this section.

### DISASSEMBLE

(1) Remove adjuster plug, refer to Adjuster Plug Assembly Replacement.

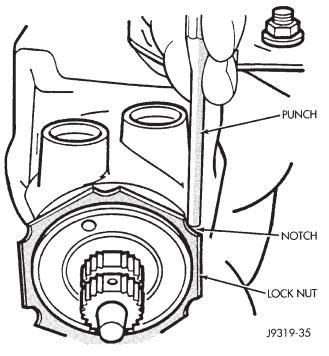


Fig. 24 Tighten Lock Nut

(2) Remove stub shaft and valve assembly (Fig. 25).

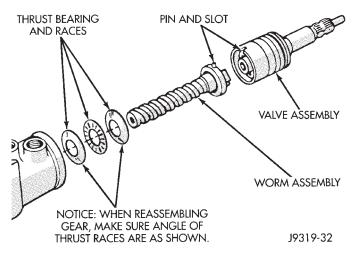


Fig. 25 Bearing, Worm and Valve Assembly

(3) Remove stub shaft from valve assembly, if necessary.

• Tap stub shaft lightly on a block of wood to loosen shaft cap

• Pull cap and valve body and disengage stub shaft pin from hole in valve body (Fig. 26).

(4) Remove valve assembly if necessary.

• Remove valve spool by pulling and rotating from valve body (Fig. 27).

• Remove valve spool O-ring seal

• Remove valve body teflon rings and O-ring seals (Fig. 28).

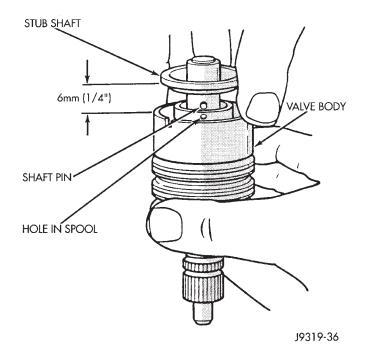
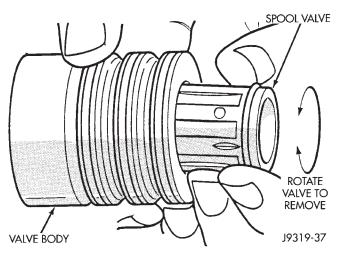


Fig. 26 Remove and Install Stub Shaft



## Fig. 27 Remove and Install Spool

## ASSEMBLE

(1) Install valve spool O-ring seal to valve spool.

(2) Lubricate valve spool and O-ring seal with power steering fluid.

(3) Install valve spool to valve body by pushing and rotating. Hole in valve spool for stub pin must be accessible from opposite end of valve body.

(4) Assemble stub shaft to valve spool, if necessary and insert pin (Fig. 29).

• Notch in stub shaft cap MUST fully engage valve body pin and seat against valve body shoulder.

(5) Install O-ring seals and teflon rings to valve body.

(6) Lubricate O-ring seals and teflon rings with power steering fluid.

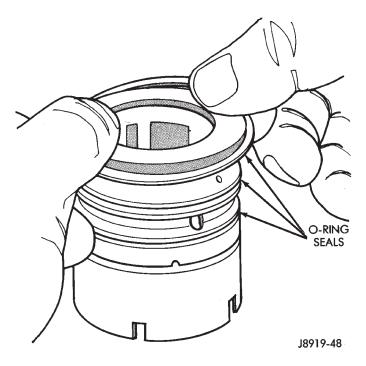
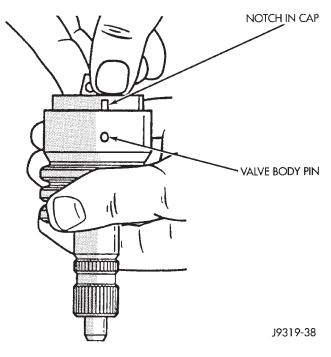


Fig. 28 Remove and Install Valve Seals



## Fig. 29 Stub Shaft Installation

(7) Install stub shaft and valve assembly to worm shaft, fitting on worm shaft to slot in the valve assembly.

(8) Adjust Thrust Bearing Preload Adjustment and Over-Center Adjustment. Refer to Steering Gear Adjustments in this section.

### INSTALL

(1) Install steering gear. Refer to Power Steering Gear Replacement in this section.

# RACK PISTON AND WORM SHAFT REPLACEMENT

## REMOVE

(1) Remove steering gear from vehicle. Refer to Power Steering Gear Replacement in this section.

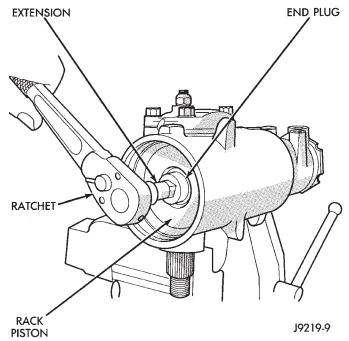
## DISASSEMBLE

(1) Remove pitman shaft and side cover. Refer to Side Cover and Pitman Shaft Replacement in this section.

(2) Remove housing plug end. Refer to Housing End Plug Replacement in this section.

(3) Turn stub shaft COUNTERCLOCKWISE until the rack piston begins to come out of the housing.

(4) Remove rack piston plug (Fig. 30).



#### Fig. 30 Remove and Install Rack Piston End Plug

(5) Insert Arbor C-4175 (J-21552) into bore of rack piston (Fig. 31). Hold tool tightly against worm shaft while turning the stub shaft COUNTERCLOCK-WISE.

• The rack piston will be forced onto the tool and hold the rack piston balls in place.

(6) Remove the rack piston, rack balls, and tool together from housing.

(7) Remove valve. Refer to Valve Replacement in this section.

- (8) Remove worm shaft.
- (9) Remove thrust bearing and races.
- (10) Remove tool from rack piston.
- (11) Remove rack piston balls.
- (12) Remove screws, clamp and ball guide.
- (13) Remove teflon ring and O-ring seal (Fig. 32).

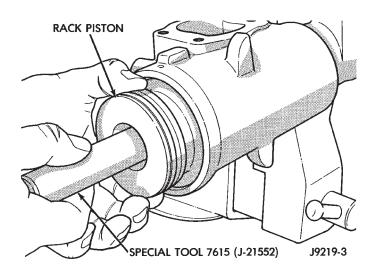
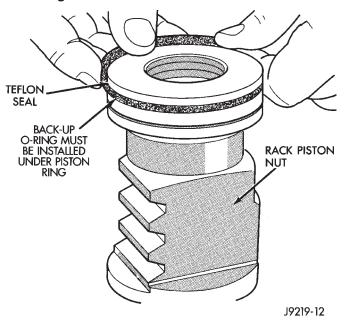


Fig. 31 Remove and Install Rack Piston



# Fig. 32 Remove and Install Seal on Rack Piston

# **CLEAN AND INSPECTION**

(1) Wash all components in clean solvent and dry with compressed air.

(2) Check for scores, nicks or burrs on the rack piston finished surface. Slight wear is normal on the worm gear surfaces.

# ASSEMBLE

(1) Install O-ring seal and teflon ring and lubricate with power steering fluid.

(2) Install worm shaft to rack piston outside of housing. Fully seat worm shaft to rack piston and align worm shaft spiral groove with rack piston ball guide hole (Fig. 33).

WARNING: MAKE SURE ALL RACK PISTON BALLS ARE REINSTALLED IN THE RACK PISTON. IM-PROPER INSTALLATION MAY RESULT IN PER-SONAL INJURY.

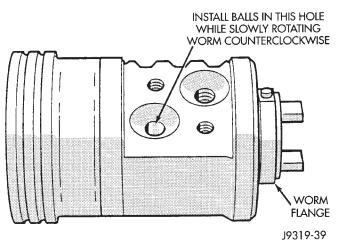
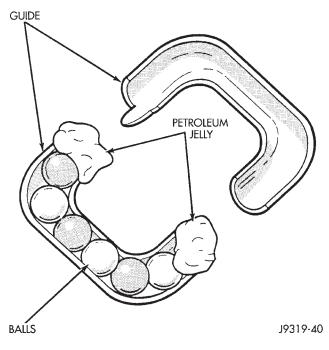


Fig. 33 Installing Balls in Rack Piston

There are 24 balls in the rack piston circuit, 12 are black and 12 are silver (Chrome). The black rack piston balls are smaller than the silver balls. THE BLACK AND SILVER BALLS MUST BE INSTALLED ALTERNATELY INTO THE RACK PISTON AND BALL GUIDE. This procedure will maintain worm shaft preload.

(3) Lubricate and install rack piston balls through return guide hole while turning wormshaft COUN-TERCLOCKWISE.

(4) Install remaining balls to guide using grease or petroleum jelly at each end to hold in place (Fig. 34).



# Fig. 34 Balls in the Return Guide

(5) Install guide onto rack piston and return with clamp and screws. Tighten screws to 58 N·m (43 in. lbs.) torque.

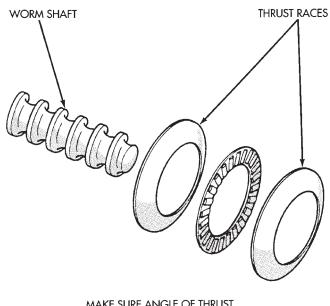
(6) Insert Arbor C-4175 (J-21552) into bore of rack piston. Hold tool tightly against worm shaft while

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turning the stub shaft COUNTERCLOCKWISE.

• The rack piston will be forced onto the tool and hold the rack piston balls in place.

(7) Install the races and thrust bearing to worm shaft (Fig. 35).



MAKE SURE ANGLE OF THRUST RACES ARE AS SHOWN



#### Fig. 35 Worm Shaft and Bearing

(8) Install worm shaft to housing.

(9) Install valve. Refer to Valve Replacement in this section.

(10) Install rack piston to worm shaft from tool, compress seals.

• Hold Arbor tightly against worm shaft and turn stub shaft CLOCKWISE until rack piston is seated on worm shaft.

## WARNING: MAKE SURE ALL RACK PISTON BALLS ARE REINSTALLED IN THE RACK PISTON. IM-PROPER INSTALLATION MAY RESULT IN PER-SONAL INJURY.

(11) Install rack piston plug and tighten to 150  $N \cdot m$  (111 ft. lbs.) torque.

(12) Install housing end plug. Refer to Housing End Plug Replacement in this section.

(13) Install pitman shaft and side cover. Refer to Side Cover and Pitman Shaft Replacement in this section.

(14) Adjust steering gear. Refer to Steering Gear Adjustments in this section.

## INSTALL

(1) Install steering gear. Refer to Power Steering Gear Replacement in this section.

## PITMAN SHAFT SEALS AND BEARING REPLACEMENT

#### REMOVE

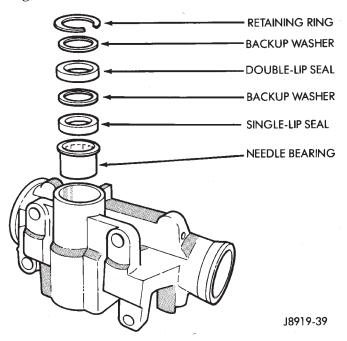
(1) Remove steering gear from vehicle. Refer to Power Steering Gear Replacement in this section.

#### DISASSEMBLE

(1) Remove pitman arm from gear. Refer to Pitman Arm Removal in Steering Linkage.

(2) Clean exposed end of pitman shaft and housing. Use a wire brush to clean the shaft splines.

(3) Remove retaining ring with snap ring pliers (Fig. 36).



#### Fig. 36 Pitman Shaft Seals

CAUTION: Use care not to score the housing bore when prying out seals and washers.

(4) Remove backup washer and double lip seal with screwdriver.

(5) Remove backup washer and single lip seal with screwdriver.

(6) Inspect the housing for burrs and remove if necessary.

(7) Remove needle bearing from side cover area of housing (Fig. 37).

#### ASSEMBLE

(1) Install needle bearing into housing (Fig. 38).

(2) Install single lip seal with Installer or a suitable size socket (Fig. 39).

(3) Coat the double lip seal and washer with grease.

(4) Install the backup washer.

(5) Install the double lip seal.

(6) Install the backup washer.

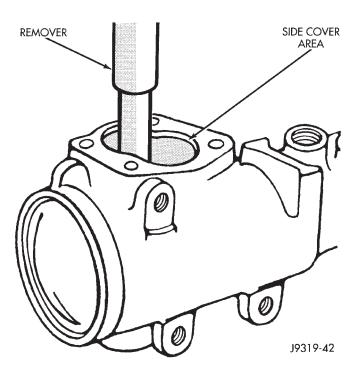
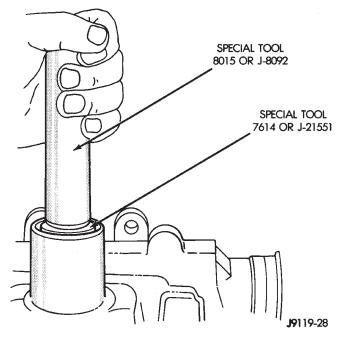
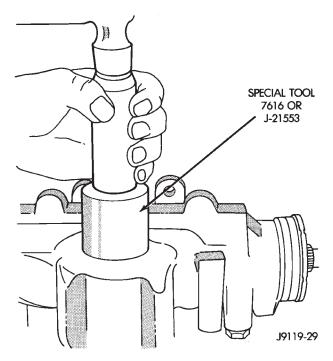


Fig. 37 Needle Bearing Removal



# Fig. 38 Pitman Shaft Bearing Installation

(7) Install the retainer ring with snap ring pliers.



## Fig. 39 Pitman Shaft Seal Installation

(8) Install the pitman shaft and side cover. Refer to Side Cover and Pitman Shaft Replacement in this section.

# INSTALL

(1) Install steering gear. Refer to Power Steering Gear Replacement in this section.

# CHECK VALVE REPLACEMENT

## REMOVE

(1) Remove steering gear from vehicle. Refer to Power Steering Gear Replacement in this section.

## DISASSEMBLE

CAUTION: Use care not to damage the threads of the housing when prying out check valve.

(1) Remove valve by prying from housing with a small screwdriver.

## ASSEMBLE

(1) Install the valve into the housing with a 3/8-inch diameter piece of tubing 100 mm (4 inches) long.

## INSTALL

(1) Install steering gear. Refer to Power Steering Gear Replacement in this section.

## POWER STEERING GEAR SPECIFICATIONS

Steering Gear Type Recirculating ball with hydraulic assist.	Steering Gear Adjustments: Wormshaft Bearing Preload Torque 0.45–1.13 N·m (4 to 10 in-lbs)	
Ratio Code (Top of Gear)       14:1         BH, NZ       13-16:1         AL       12.7:1         Steering Gear Hydraulic Fluid       Use Mopar Power         Steering Fluid, or equivalent.	Pitman Shaft Overcenter Drag Torque: New Gear (less than 400 miles/640 km)0.45–0.90 N·m (4 to 8 in-lbs) in addition to wormshaft bearing preload but not to exceed combined total of 2 N·m (18 in-lbs).	
Steering Gear Lubricants Lubricate pitman shaft seals, bearings races, and rack piston recirculating balls with petroleum jelly. Lubricate all other parts with power steering fluid.	Used Gear (over 400 miles/640 km)0.5–0.6 N·m (4 to 5 in-lbs) in addition to wormshaft bearing preload but not to exeed combined total of 2 N·m (18 in-lbs).	
	<b>Caution:</b> Gears must be adjusted exactly as outlined in Steering Gear Adjustments-On Bench. Failure to adhere to the recommended procedures may result in gear damage or improper steering response.	
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# MANUAL STEERING GEAR

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#### INFORMATION

The manual steering gear installed on Jeep vehicles (Fig. 1) has a variable steering ratio.

## DIAGNOSIS

PITMAN SHAFT SEAL REPLACEMENT

#### REMOVAL

(1) Mark pitman arm and shaft positions for reference. Remove pitman arm with Puller 7998 (J6632-01).

(2) Remove the pitman shaft seal with a small blade screw driver.

Gear Disassembly	
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#### **INSPECTION**

(1) Inspect the condition of the steering gear lubricant. If contaminated (contains metal particles), remove and overhaul the steering gear.

#### **INSTALLATION**

(1) Lubricate the new seal with chassis lubricant.

CAUTION: A protective wrap must be used on the shaft threads/splines during seal installation. If the shaft seals are installed over exposed shaft, the seal lips could be cut or distorted. This can result in leakage after installation.

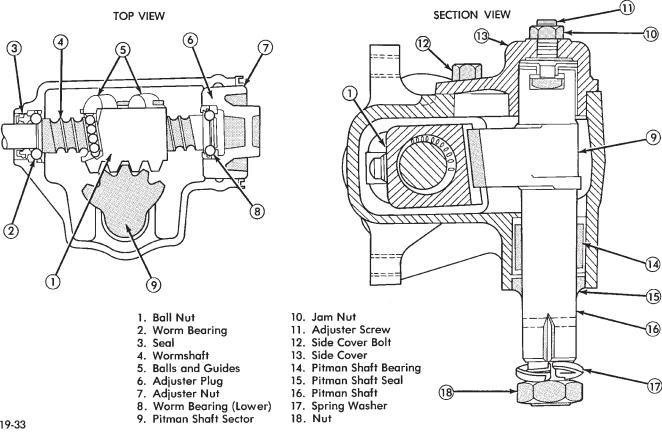


Fig. 1 Manual Steering Gear

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PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	CORRECTION
Rattle Or Chuckle In The Steering Gear	<ol> <li>Insufficient or improper lubricant in the steering gear.</li> <li>Pitman arm loose on the shaft or the steering gear mounting bolts loose.</li> <li>Loose or worn steering shaft bearing.</li> <li>Excesisve over-center lash or worm thrust bearings adjusted too loose. On turns a slight rattle may occur, due to the increased lash between ball nut and pitman shaft as gear moves off the center of "high point" position. This is normal and lash must not be reduced to eliminate this slight rattle.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Add lubricant as required.</li> <li>Tighten to specified torque.</li> <li>Replace the steering shaft bearing.</li> <li>Adjust the steering gear to specified preloads.</li> </ol>
Poor Return Of The Steering Wheel	<ol> <li>Steering column misaligned.</li> <li>Insufficient or improper lubricant in the steering gear or front suspension.</li> <li>Steering gear adjusted too tight.</li> <li>Front wheel alignment incorrect (Caster).</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Align the column.</li> <li>Lubricate as specified.</li> <li>Adjust over-center and thrust bearing preload to specifications.</li> <li>Adjust to specifications.</li> </ol>
Excessive Play Or Looseness In The Steering System	<ol> <li>Front wheel bearings loosely adjusted.</li> <li>Steering system out of alignment.</li> <li>Worn upper ball joints.</li> <li>Steering wheel loose on the shaft, loose pitman arm, tie rods, steering arms or steering linkage ball nuts.</li> <li>Tires badly worn, edge of tires rounded off.</li> <li>Excessive over-center lash.</li> <li>Worm thrust bearings loosely adjusted.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Adjust bearings or replace with new parts as necessary.</li> <li>Align caster, camber, and toe-in.</li> <li>Check and replace ball joints if necessary.</li> <li>Tighten to specification, replace if worn or damaged.</li> <li>Install new tires, and check alignment.</li> <li>Adjust over-center preload to specifications.</li> <li>Adjust the worm thrust bearing preload to specifications.</li> </ol>
Hard Steering – Excessive Effort Required At The Steering Wheel	<ol> <li>Low or uneven tire pressure.</li> <li>Insufficient or improper lubricant in the steering gear or front suspension.</li> <li>Steering shaft flexible coupling misaligned.</li> <li>Steering gear adjusted too tight.</li> <li>Front wheel alignment incorrect.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Inflate to specified pressures.</li> <li>Lubricate as specified. Relubricate at specified intervals.</li> <li>Align the column and couplings.</li> <li>Adjust over-center and thrust bearing preload to specifications.</li> <li>Check the alignment and correct as necessary.</li> </ol>

# MANUAL STEERING SYSTEM DIAGNOSIS

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(2) Wrap a single layer of plastic tape around the pitman shaft threads and splines. This will protect the replacement seals during installation.

- (3) Install the seal with a suitable size socket.
- (4) Remove the tape from the shaft.
- (5) Center the steering gear.
- (6) Align and install the pitman arm.

(7) Install the washer and retaining nut on the pitman shaft. Tighten the nut to 251 Nb1m (185 ft. lbs.) torque.

#### GEAR ADJUSTMENTS IN VEHICLE

#### REMOVE

(1) Raise and support the vehicle.

(2) Mark the pitman shaft and pitman arm for installation reference. Remove the pitman arm from the shaft.

(3) Loosen the adjuster lock nut then back the adjuster plug off 1/4 turn.

(4) Remove the steering wheel horn pad.

(5) Turn the steering wheel in one direction until stopped by the gear. Then turn back 1/2 turn.

CAUTION: Do not turn the steering wheel hard against the internal stops when the linkage is removed. This could result in damage to the recirculating ball guides.

#### MEASURE

Place a low calibration (50 in. lbs.) torque wrench and socket on the steering wheel nut. Rotate the wrench and nut through a 90 degree arc (1/4 turn). This will measure the worm shaft bearing preload.

## ADJUST WORMSHAFT BEARING PRELOAD TORQUE

(1) Adjust the preload by tightening the adjuster plug. The preload should be 0.6 to 1 N·m (5 to 8 in. lbs.) torque.

Steering column/shaft misalignment or damage will increase the amount of torque required to rotate the steering wheel. If the rotating torque is exceptionally high, inspect the steering column/shaft alignment. If the alignment is correct, remove the steering gear, determine the cause of the high preload torque, and repair as necessary.

(2) Tighten the adjuster locknut to  $68 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}$  (50 ft. lbs.) torque. Measure the preload torque. If necessary, adjust the preload torque again.

#### ADJUST OVERCENTER DRAG TORQUE

(1) Turn the steering wheel from one stop to the other and count the total numbers of turns. Turn the wheel back in reverse direction 1/2 the total number of turns to center the steering gear.

(2) Turn the over center adjusting screw in to remove all lash between the ball nut and pitman shaft sector teeth. Hold the adjustment screw and tighten the lock nut to 34 N·m (25 ft. lbs.) torque.

(3) Check the torque at the steering wheel by taking the highest reading as the wheel is turned through the center position.

(4) The overcenter drag torque should be 0.5 to 1 N·m (4 to 10 in. lbs.).

(5) If necessary, loosen the lock nut and adjust the over center adjuster screw to obtain the proper torque. Re-tighten the lock nut to the lock nut.

(6) After tightening the locknut, measure the overcenter drag torque again and readjust the torque, if necessary.

#### INSTALL

(1) Align the installation reference marks and install the pitman arm.

(2) Install and tighten the pitman shaft nut and washer to 251 N·m (185 ft. lbs.) torque.

(3) Install the horn button.

#### GEAR DISASSEMBLY

(1) Rotate the wormshaft from stop-to-stop and count the number of rotations. Rotate the wormshaft in the reverse direction 1/2 of the total number of rotations to center it and the ball nut.

(2) Remove the pitman shaft adjustment screw locknut. Remove the cover retaining bolts, cover, and gasket (Fig. 3).

(3) Slide the adjustment screw head (Fig. 3) out of the pitman shaft T-slot and remove it and the shim(s).

(4) Retain the shim(s) for end-play measurement during assembly.

(5) Remove the pitman shaft, the wormshaft bearing preload torque adjustment cap locknut, and the adjustment cap (Fig. 2).

(6) Remove the wormshaft and the ball nut (Fig. 2).

(7) Remove (pry) the pitman shaft and the wormshaft seals from the steering gear housing (Fig. 3).

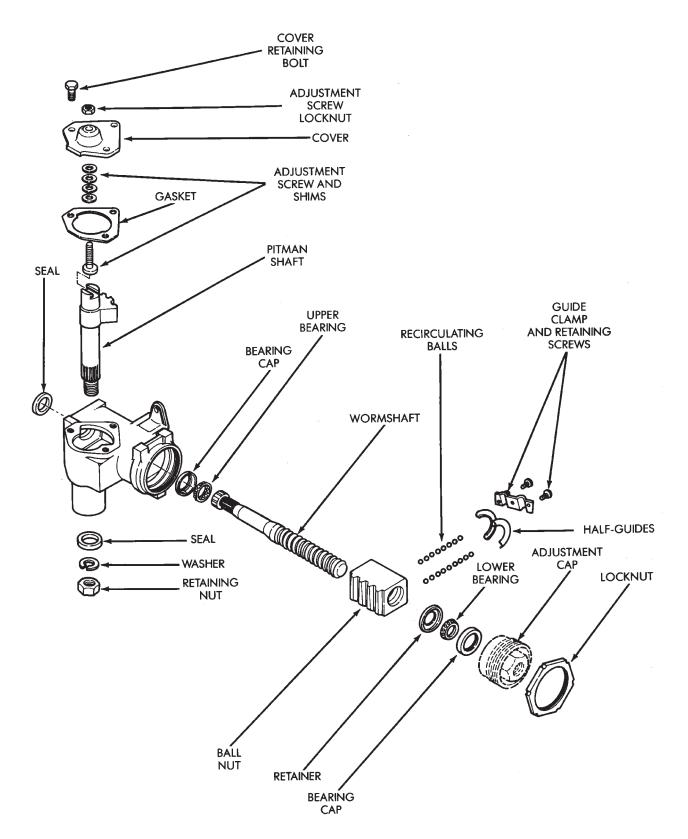
#### WORMSHAFT AND BALL NUT DISASSEMBLY

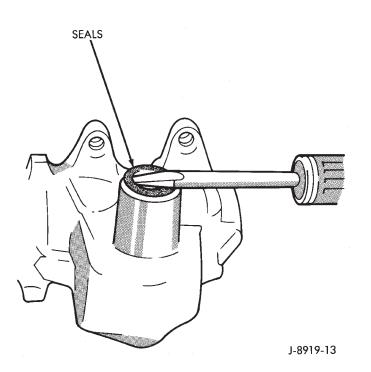
(1) Remove the upper bearing from the wormshaft (Fig. 2).

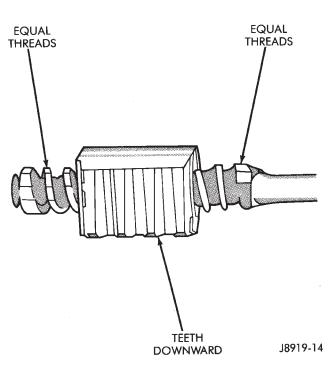
CAUTION: Do not allow the ball nut to rotate freely and travel to either extreme end of the wormshaft. This could damage the tangs at the ends of the recirculating ball guides (Fig. 3).

(2) Remove the recirculating ball guide clamp retaining screws, the clamp and the guides (Fig. 2). Separate the half-guides and place the recirculating balls aside in a container.

(3) Hold the ball nut over a cloth. Remove the remaining recirculating balls by rotating the wormshaft back and forth.







#### Fig. 3 Shaft Seal Removal

There are a total of 50 recirculating balls within the ball nut and the guides (25 in each circuit).

(4) Remove the wormshaft from the ball nut (Fig. 2).

#### **CLEANING AND INSPECTION**

(1) Clean all the components in a cleaning solvent and dry them with a clean cloth and/or compressed air.

(2) Inspect each component for wear, scoring, cracks, nicks and surface pitting. Replace as necessary.

#### WORMSHAFT AND BALL NUT ASSEMBLY

CAUTION: The ball nut teeth are wider and deeper on one side than on the other.

(1) Position the ball nut with the recirculating ball guide holes facing upward and the ball nut teeth facing downward. Install the wormshaft in the ball nut. Rotate the shaft and thread it into the nut until an equal number of shaft threads are visible at each end of the nut (Fig. 4).

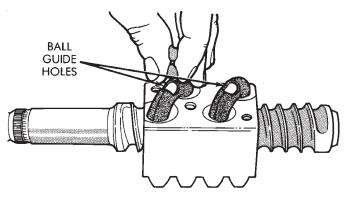
(2) Install one recirculating ball in each ball guide hole. Move the wormshaft up/down and side-to-side until the balls roll into the ball nut threads at the bottom of wormshaft and support the wormshaft.

(3) Assemble and install the ball guides in the ball nut (Fig. 5).

(4) Divide the remaining 48 recirculating balls into two groups and install 24 balls in each ball nut circuit. Insert the balls in the ball nut circuits through the holes in the ball guides (Fig. 5).

#### Fig. 4 Wormshaft & Ball Nut

To aid the recirculating ball installation, rotate wormshaft back and forth slightly while inserting the balls.



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#### Fig. 5 Recirculating Ball Installation

(5) Place the ball guide clamp on the ball nut and install the clamp retaining screws. Tighten the screws to 14 N·m (10 ft. lbs.) torque.

# CAUTION: To avoid damaging the tangs on the ball guide ends, do not allow the wormshaft to travel to the end of the thread in either direction.

(6) Lubricate the wormshaft threads with chassis lubricant. Rotate the shaft to move it in and out of the ball nut and distribute the lubricant.

(7) Lubricate the wormshaft upper bearing with chassis lubricant and install it on the wormshaft.

## WORMSHAFT BEARING ADJUSTMENT CAP DISASSEMBLY

(1) Pry out and remove the wormshaft lower bearing retainer from the adjustment cap (Fig. 6).



#### Fig. 6 Wormshaft Lower Bearing Retainer Removal

(2) Remove the wormshaft lower bearing from the adjustment cap.

#### **CLEANING/INSPECTION**

(1) Clean all the components in cleaning solvent and dry with a clean cloth only.

(2) Inspect each component for wear and damage. Replace as necessary.

#### WORMSHAFT BEARING ADJUSTMENT CAP ASSEMBLY

(1) Remove the lower bearing cup Remover 7837 (J-29369-1) and Slide Hammer C-637 (J-2619-01) (Fig. 7). Install a new bearing cup in the cap with a correct sized socket (Fig. 8).

(2) Lubricate the wormshaft lower bearing and place it in the bearing cup.

(3) Install the lower bearing retainer on the adjustment cap. If necessary, tap the retainer lightly with a plastic mallet to seat it.

#### GEAR CLEANING AND INSPECTION

(1) Clean the housing and the pitman shaft with cleaning solvent and dry them with a clean cloth and/or compressed air.

(2) Inspect the housing for cracks, porosity, damaged threads and scoring/distortion of the gasket surface area. Repair or replace as necessary.

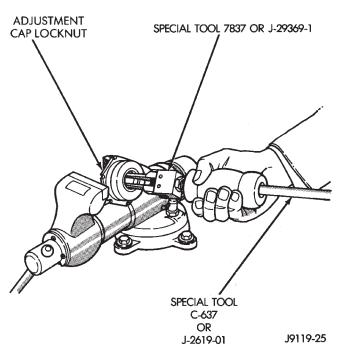


Fig. 7 Bearing Cup Removal

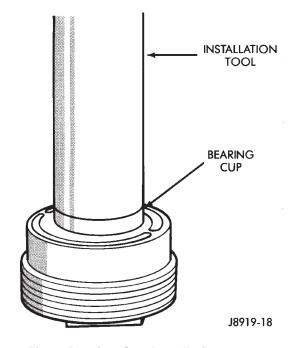


Fig. 8 Bearing Cup Installation

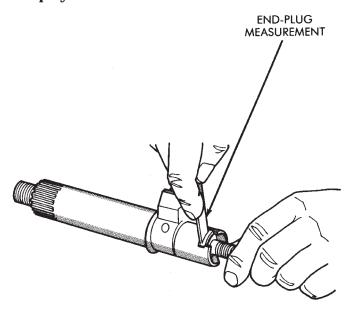
(3) Inspect the pitman shaft contact surface and the teeth for wear, pitting, and other damage. Replace as necessary.

(4) Insert the pitman shaft in the steering gear housing shaft bore and inspect for excessive shaft or housing shaft bore wear. The shaft should have a smooth, bind-free fit with no visible side play when installed in the shaft bore.

(5) If the shaft fit is loose but it is not visibly worn, trial fit a replacement pitman shaft in the housing shaft bore. If the replacement shaft also has

a loose fit, replace the housing. However, if the replacement pitman fits properly, replace the original pitman shaft.

(6) Measure the pitman shaft adjustment screw fit and end-play in the T-slot (Fig. 9). When installed, the adjustment screw must rotate freely and not bind in any position. Measure the end-play by inserting a feeler gauge between the screw head and the T-slot surface. The end-play must not exceed 0.05 mm (0.002 in). If end-play exceeds the specified limit, install a replacement shim to reduce the end-play.



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#### Fig. 9 Adjustment Screw End-Play Measurement

(7) Inspect the wormshaft shaft upper bearing and bearing cup for wear, looseness, flat spots, pitting, cracks, and other damage. If either the bearing or the bearing cup is damaged, both components must be replaced.

(8) If the cup fits loosely in the housing, trial fit a replacement cup. If the replacement cup also fits loosely, replace the housing. If the replacement cup fits properly, replace only the original bearing cup.

#### GEAR ASSEMBLY

(1) Remove wormshaft upper bearing cup with a hammer and a brass punch (Fig. 10).

(2) Install a replacement bearing cup with an appropriate installation tool (Fig. 11).

Do not install the wormshaft or the pitman shaft seals at this time.

(3) Lubricate all the components with chassis lubricant.

(4) Place the steering gear housing in a vise. Clamp the vise jaws on the housing mounting bosses only.

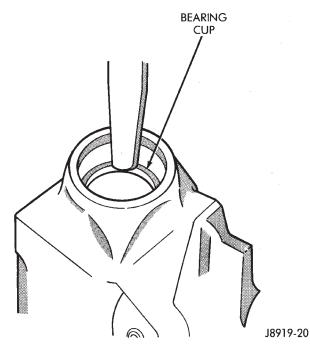
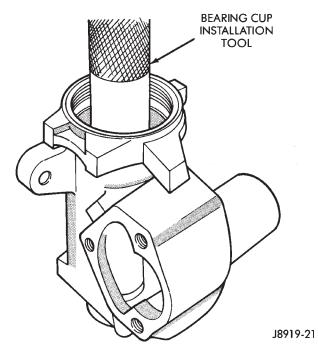


Fig. 10 Wormshaft Upper Bearing Cup Removal



## Fig. 11 Wormshaft Upper Bearing Cup Installation

(5) Install the wormshaft and ball nut in the steering gear housing.

CAUTION: Ensure that the ball nut is installed with the wide/deep side of the ball nut teeth facing toward the cover opening.

(6) Install the wormshaft bearing adjustment cap in the housing and tighten it only enough to remove the wormshaft end-play.

(7) Install the locknut on the wormshaft bearing adjustment cap but do not tighten it at this time.

(8) Pack the steering gear housing with as much chassis lubricant as possible.

Rotate the wormshaft in one direction until the ball nut ceases. Pack the end of the housing full of lubricant, rotate the shaft in the opposite direction and repeat the packing procedure.

(9) Place the ball nut (Fig. 12) in the centered position, rotate the wormshaft from stop-to-stop and count the number of rotations. Rotate wormshaft in the reverse direction 1/2 of the number of rotations to center the ball nut.

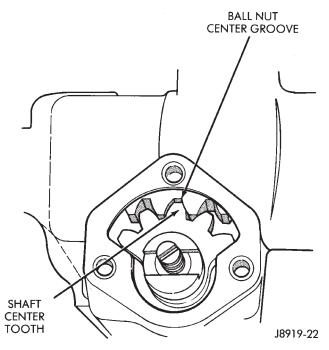


Fig. 12 Pitman Shaft & Ball Nut Engagement

(10) Lubricate the pitman shaft with chassis lubricant and insert it in the steering gear housing. Engage the center tooth on the shaft with the center groove on the ball nut.

(11) Apply chassis lubricant to the replacement housing cover gasket. Position it so that it surrounds the housing cover opening.

(12) Place the shim(s) on the adjustment screw and thread the screw into the cover to a depth of 2 to 3 threads.

(13) Slide the head of the adjustment screw into the pitman shaft T-slot. With the cover in place, rotate the screw counterclockwise to thread it into the cover. Rotate the screw until the cover almost comes in contact with the gasket.

(14) Install the cover retaining bolts finger tight only. Continue tightening the adjustment screw counterclockwise until cover is tight against the gasket, then loosen the screw 1/2 rotation.

(15) Tighten the cover bolts to 61 N·m (45 ft. lbs.) torque.

(16) Install the pitman shaft seal, refer to the replacement procedure.

(17) Rotate the wormshaft and observe the steering gear operation. With the adjustment screw and cap loose, the wormshaft should rotate freely and not bind. If the steering gear binds, repair as necessary.

(18) Inspect for lubricant leakage from the shaft seals. If there is a leak at either seal, replace the defective seal(s).

## GEAR ADJUSTMENTS ON BENCH

## WORM BEARING PRELOAD

(1) Tighten the worm bearing adjuster plug until it bottoms, then loosen 1/4 turn.

(2) Carefully turn the wormshaft all the way to the end of travel, then turn back 1/2 turn.

(3) Tighten adjuster plug until torque wrench indicates 0.6 to 1.0 N·m (5 to 8 in. lbs.) torque (Fig. 13).

(4) Tighten the adjuster plug locknut to 68 N·m (50 ft. lbs.) torque.

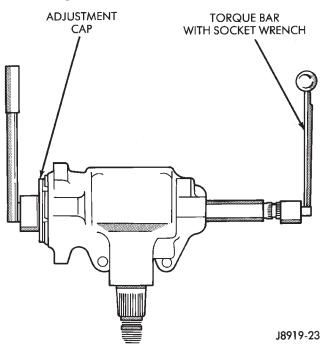


Fig. 13 Worm Bearing Preload Adjustment

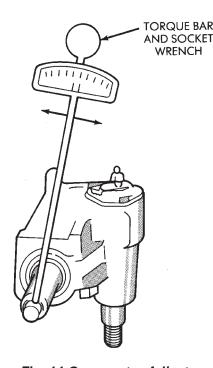
#### **OVER-CENTER PRELOAD**

(1) Back off preload adjuster until it stops, then turn it in one full turn.

(2) With gear at center of travel, check torque to turn stub shaft. This will be reading #1 (Fig. 14).

(3) Turn adjuster in until torque to turn stub shaft is 0.5 to 1 N·m (4 to 10 in. lbs.) more than reading #1.

(4) Hold pitman shaft adjustment screw and tighten adjuster lock nut to 34 N·m (25 ft. lbs.) torque.



# Fig. 14 Over-center Adjustment INTERMEDIATE (COUPLER) SHAFT

## REMOVAL

(1) Place the front wheels in the straight ahead position.

(2) Remove the shaft pinch bolt at the steering gear and column (Fig. 15, 16). Un-bolt steering gear from frame rail to remove shaft. Refer to Steering Gear Replacement in this section.

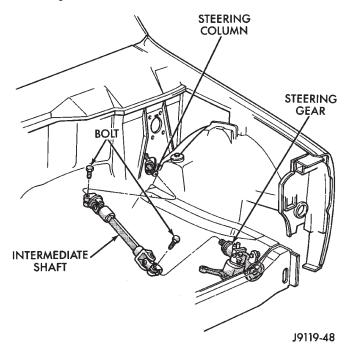


Fig. 15 Coupler Shaft—XJ

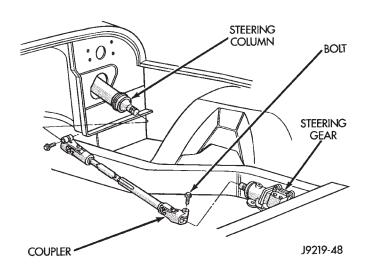


Fig. 16 Coupler Shaft—YJ

## **INSTALLATION**

(1) Align the intermediate (coupler) shaft to the steering gear and column.

(2) Position the steering gear on the frame. Refer to Steering Gear Replacement in this section.

(3) Install and tighten the pinch bolts to 34 N·m (25 ft. lbs.) torque.

## STEERING GEAR REPLACEMENT

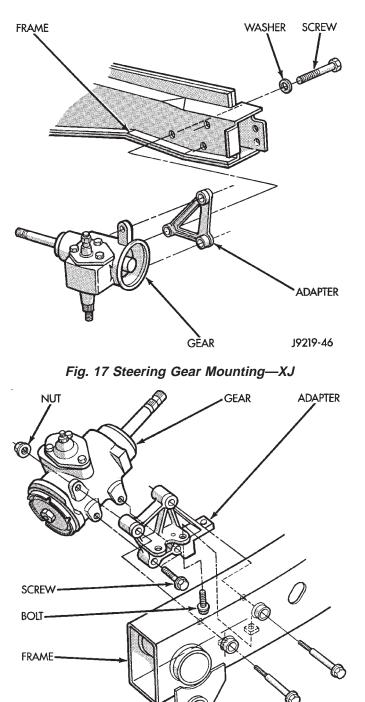
#### REMOVAL

(1) Place the front wheels in the straight ahead position with the steering wheel centered.

(2) Remove the column coupler shaft from the gear. Refer to the removal procedures in this section.

(3) Remove pitman arm from gear. Refer to Pitman Arm Removal in the Steering Linkage section.

(4) Remove the steering gear retaining bolts and nuts. Remove the steering gear from the vehicle (Fig. 17, 18).



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Fig. 18 Steering Gear Mounting—YJ

## INSTALLATION

(1) Align the column coupler shaft to steering gear. Refer to Column Coupler installation in this section.

(2) Position the steering gear (and bracket) on the frame rail and install the bolts.

• XJ—Tighten the bolts to 95 N·m (70 ft. lbs.) torque.

 $\bullet$  YJ—Tighten the bolts to 105 N·m (78 ft. lbs.) torque.

(3) Align and install the pitman arm. Refer to Pitman Arm Installation in the Steering Linkage section.

## MANUAL STEERING GEAR SPECIFICATIONS

Wormshaft Bearing Preload Torque <sup>®</sup> 0.6-0.9 N•m (5 to 8 in-lbs)		
Pitman Shaft Overcenter Drag Torque 0.5-1 N•m (4 to 10 in-lbs) (in addition to above)		
Maximum Steering Gear Torque		
Steering Gear Lubricant Multi-purpose chassis grease		
Steering Gear Ratio		
Steering Gear TypeRecirculating Ball		

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# **STEERING COLUMN GENERAL SERVICE**

## INDEX

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Column Replacement—XJ			
Column Replacement—YJ			
Park-Lock Cable—Console	Shift Automatic		 45

## SERVICE INFORMATION

The column may be disassembled and reassembled. Also most steering column components can be serviced without removing the column from the vehicle. For additional information, refer to Group 8H, Electrical.

CAUTION: Bumping, jolting and hammering on the steering column shaft and gear shift tube must be avoided during all service procedures.

CAUTION: Disconnect negative (ground) cable from the battery before servicing any component on the column.

Safety goggles should be worn at all times when involved with steering column service.

#### STEERING WHEEL

#### REMOVAL

(1) Make sure the front wheels are in the **straight ahead** position.

(2) Disconnect the negative (ground) cable from the battery.

(3) Remove the horn contact components (Fig. 1).

(4) Remove the steering wheel retaining nut and the vibration dampener, if equipped. Score or paint alignment marks on the column shaft and steering wheel (if none exist) for installation reference.

(5) Remove the steering wheel with Puller 7591 (J-21232-01) (Fig. 2).

#### INSTALLATION

(1) Install the steering wheel with the scored or painted marks aligned.

(2) Install the retaining nut and tighten to 34 N·m (25 ft. lbs.) torque. Force the steering wheel down on the shaft with the retaining nut only.

(3) Install the horn contact components (Fig. 1).

(4) Connect the battery ground (negative) cable.

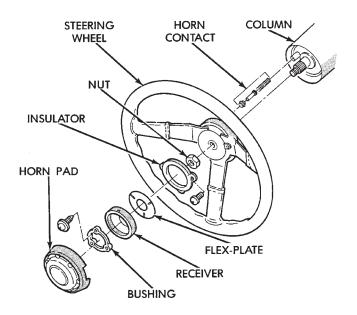
## PARK-LOCK CABLE—CONSOLE SHIFT AUTOMATIC

#### REMOVAL

(1) Disconnect the battery negative cable.

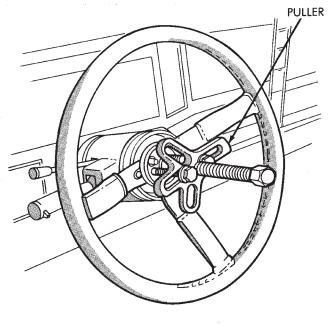
(2) Remove the lower portion of the instrument panel, refer to Group 8E, Instrument Panel.

		page
Service Information Steering Wheel		



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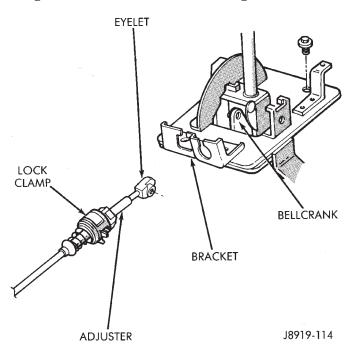
Fig. 2 Steering Wheel Removal

(3) Remove the steering column mounting bracket to instrument panel nuts. Lower the steering column. Refer to Steering Column Removal .

(4) Disconnect the park-lock cable from the steering column and bracket.

(5) Remove the center console and related trim.

(6) Pull the carpet backward to expose the cable at the gear selector lever bell-crank (Fig. 3).



#### Fig. 3 Park-Lock Cable

(7) Disconnect the cable eyelet from the bell-crank (Fig. 3).

(8) Remove the cable from the shift bracket (Fig. 3).

#### **INSTALLATION**

(1) Route and install the cable.

(2) Position the carpet and install the retaining screws, the accelerator pedal bracket, the panels and the moldings.

(3) Install the center console and related trim.

(4) Raise the steering column, refer to Steering Column Removal.

(5) Install the lower portion of the instrument panel, refer to Group 8E, Instrument Panel.

(6) Connect the battery negative cable.

#### ADJUSTMENT

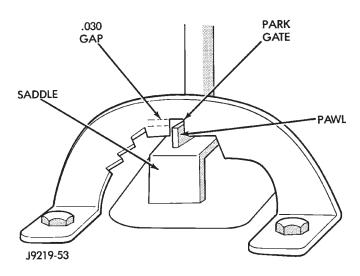
(1) Pry up the park-lock cable adjuster lock (Fig. 3).

(2) Connect the park-lock cable eyelet to the bellcrank pin (Fig. 3).

(3) Place the gear selector in park.

(4) Insert a .030 - .035 pin between the pawl and the park gate (Fig. 4).

(5) Push the spring-loaded cable adjuster forward.



#### Fig. 4 Park-Lock Adjustment

(6) Lower the cable into the mounting bracket until the tabs are fully engaged in the adjuster (Fig. 3).

(7) Push the cable adjuster lock clamp downward to lock it (Fig. 3).

(8) Remove the pin from the park gate.

(9) Test the park-lock cable operation:

• Turn the ignition switch key to the LOCK position

• Press inward on the gear selector handle release button, the button should not move

• Turn the ignition switch key to the ON position

• Press inward on the gear selector handle release button

• Move the gear selector handle to the DRIVE or NEUTRAL position

• Attempt to turn the ignition switch key to the LOCK position

• If the park-lock cable is correctly adjusted, the key will not turn to the LOCK position;

• Press inward on the gear selector handle release button

• Move the gear selector handle to the PARK position

• Turn the ignition switch key to the LOCK position

• If the park-lock cable is correctly adjusted, the key will turn to the LOCK position.

(10) If additional cable adjustment is needed, slide the adjuster forward or rearward to obtain the correct position (Fig. 3).

Refer to Group 21, Transmission for additional information.

#### COLUMN REPLACEMENT—XJ

#### REMOVAL

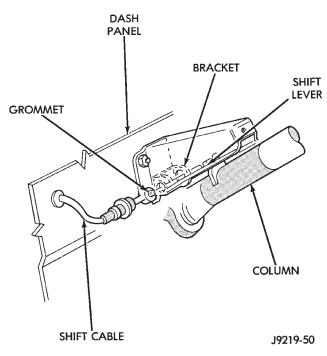
CAUTION: Bumping, jolting and hammering on the steering column shaft and gear shift tube must be avoided during all service procedures.

(1) Make sure the front wheels are in the **straight ahead** position.

(2) Disconnect the negative (ground) cable from the battery.

(3) Remove steering wheel from column, refer to Steering Wheel-Removal.

(4) Column shift vehicles, disconnect the shift cable grommet by prying it from the shift lever (Fig. 5).



#### Fig. 5 Shift Cable Grommet

(5) Disconnect the column shaft to steering gear coupler upper bolt (Fig. 6).

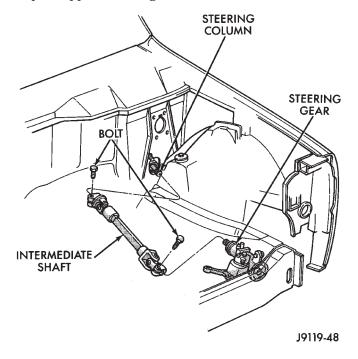
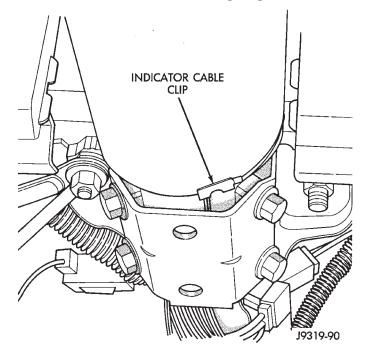


Fig. 6 Column Shaft Coupler

(6) Remove the lower portion of the instrument panel, refer to Group 8E, Instrument Panel.

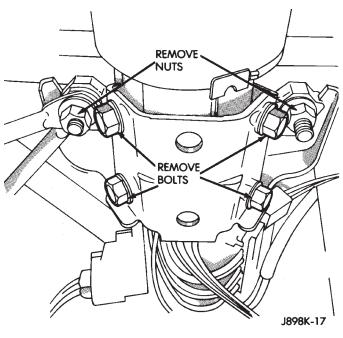
(7) Column shift vehicles, disconnect the shift indicator cable from the shift housing (Fig. 7).



#### Fig. 7 Indicator Cable Clip

(8) Remove two nuts holding steering column bracket to brake sled (Fig. 8).

(9) Remove four bolts holding steering column bracket to column.



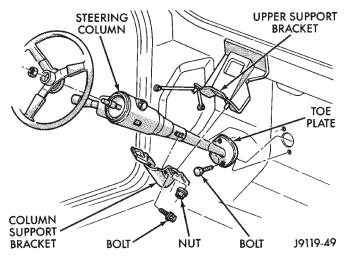
#### Fig. 8 Column Bracket

(10) Loosen column brace mounting nut at drivers side kick panel. This will allow column to drop.

(11) Disconnect the following items from the steering column connectors:

- Ignition switch wire harness
- Dimmer switch wire harness
- Turn signal switch wire harness
- Windshield wiper wire harness
- Cruise control wire harness (if equipped)
- Park-lock cable (if equipped)

(12) Remove the bolts that attach the toe plate to the floor pan (Fig. 9).





(13) Carefully remove column from vehicle.

#### **INSTALLATION**

CAUTION: Bumping, jolting and hammering on the steering column shaft and gear shift tube must be avoided during all service procedures.

(1) Carefully position column in vehicle.

(2) Align the column shaft to steering gear coupling. Install and tighten the bolt to 34 N·m (25 ft. lbs.) torque.

(3) As applicable, connect the following items to the steering column connectors:

- Ignition switch wire harness
- Dimmer switch wire harness
- Turn signal switch wire harness
- Windshield wiper wire harness
- Cruise control wire harness (if equipped)
- Park-lock cable (if equipped)

(4) Install the support bracket on the column and tighten the bolts to 20 N·m (180 in. lbs.) torque.

(5) Raise the column up to the brake sled studs. Connect the brace to the column stud.

(6) Install and tighten the column to brake sled nuts to  $30 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}$  (22 ft. lbs.) torque.

(7) Column shift vehicles, install the shift cable grommet on the shift lever.

(8) Install and tighten the toe plate-to-floor pan bolts to 8 N·m (66 in. lbs.) torque.

(9) Column shift vehicles, install the shift indicator cable on the shift housing. Check operation.

(10) Install the lower portion of the instrument panel, refer to Group 8E, Instrument Panel.

(11) Install steering wheel on column, refer to Steering Wheel-Installation.

(12) Connect the negative (ground) cable to the battery.

#### COLUMN REPLACEMENT-YJ

#### REMOVAL

CAUTION: Bumping, jolting and hammering on the steering column shaft and gear shift tube must be avoided during all service procedures.

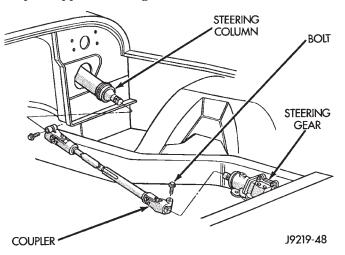
(1) Make sure the front wheels are in the **straight ahead** position.

(2) Disconnect the negative (ground) cable from the battery.

(3) Remove steering wheel from column, refer to Steering Wheel-Removal.

(4) Column shift vehicles, disconnect the shift cable grommet by prying it from the shift lever.

(5) Disconnect the column shaft to steering gear coupler upper bolt (Fig. 10).



## Fig. 10 Column Shaft Coupler

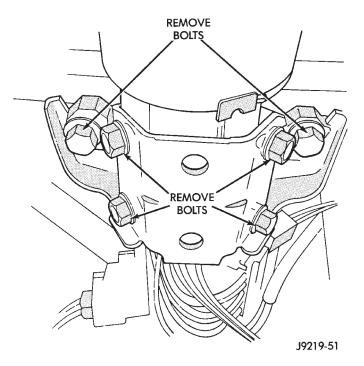
(6) Remove the lower portion of the instrument panel, refer to Group 8E, Instrument Panel.

(7) Remove two nuts holding steering column bracket to brake sled (Fig. 11).

(8) Remove four bolts holding steering column bracket to column.

(9) Disconnect the following items from the steering column connectors:

- Ignition switch wire harness
- Dimmer switch wire harness
- Turn signal switch wire harness
- Windshield wiper wire harness
- Cruise control wire harness (if equipped)



#### Fig. 11 Column Bracket

(10) Remove the bolts that attach the toe plate to the floor pan (Fig. 12).

(11) Carefully remove column from vehicle.

#### INSTALLATION

CAUTION: Bumping, jolting and hammering on the steering column shaft and gear shift tube must be avoided during all service procedures.

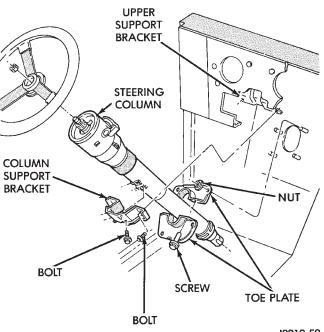
(1) Carefully position column in vehicle.

(2) Align the column shaft to steering gear coupling. Install and tighten the bolt to 34 N·m (25 ft. lbs.) torque.

(3) As applicable, connect the following items to the steering column connectors:

• Ignition switch wire harness

• Dimmer switch wire harness



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## Fig. 12 Steering Column Mounting

- Turn signal switch wire harness
- Windshield wiper wire harness

• Cruise control wire harness (if equipped)

(4) Install the support bracket on the column (Fig. 11) and tighten the bolts to 30 N·m (270 in. lbs.) torque.

(5) Install and tighten the column to brake sled bolts (Fig. 11) to 30 N·m (270 in. lbs.) torque.

(6) Column shift vehicles, install the shift cable grommet on the shift lever.

(7) Install and tighten the toe plate to floor pan bolts/nuts to 21.5 N·m (192 in. lbs.) torque (Fig. 12).

(8) Install the lower portion of the instrument panel, refer to Group 8E, Instrument Panel.

(9) Install steering wheel on column, refer to Steering Wheel-Installation.

(10) Connect the negative (ground) cable to the battery.

## NON-TILT STEERING COLUMN

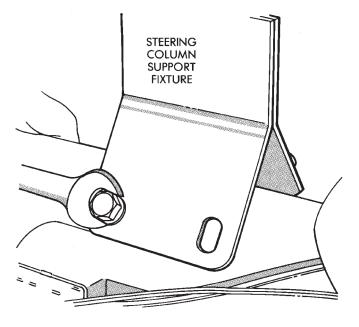
## DISASSEMBLY—COLUMN OR CONSOLE SHIFT

Steering column removal from the vehicle is not necessary for;

- Lockplate cover
- Lockplate
- Steering shaft retaining ring
- Canceling cam
- Turn signal switch
- Upper bearing preload spring
- Ignition key/lock cylinder service

The steering column must be removed from the vehicle to service any other component.

(1) If the column is removed for service, fabricate a support fixture to clamp it in a vise (Fig. 1).



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#### Fig. 1 Steering Column Support Fixture

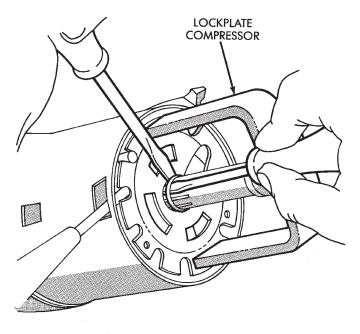
(2) Remove the steering wheel. Refer to the removal procedure.

(3) Remove the lockplate cover.

WARNING: THE LOCKPLATE RETAINS A VERY STRONG, SPRING FORCE. DO NOT ATTEMPT TO REMOVE THE STEERING SHAFT RETAINING SNAP RING WITHOUT USING LOCKPLATE COMPRESSOR C-4156 (J23653-B).

(4) Compress the lockplate with Compressor C-4156 (J-23653-B) and release the steering shaft retaining snap ring (Fig. 2).

(5) Remove the lockplate compressor tool and the retaining snap ring. Discard the snap ring.

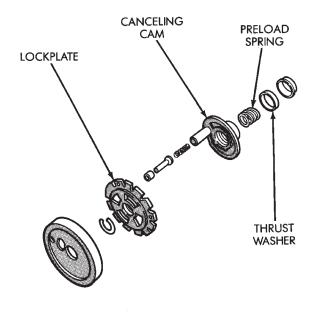


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#### Fig. 2 Retaining Snap Ring Removal

CAUTION: When the steering shaft retaining snap ring is removed, the steering shaft is no longer retained within the column.

(6) Remove the lockplate, canceling cam, upper bearing preload spring, and the thrust washer from the steering column/shaft (Fig. 3).



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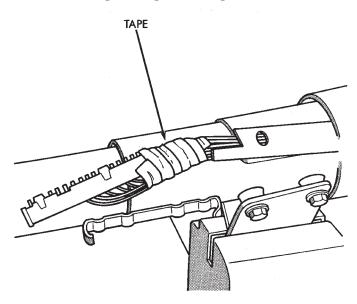
Fig. 3 Steering Column Disassembly

(7) Remove the hazard warning switch knob. Press the knob inward and remove it from the column by turning it counterclockwise.

(8) Remove the turn signal/wiper/cruise control stalk by pulling it out straight from the column. Wiper must be in the off position.

(9) Disconnect the turn signal wire harness connector from the bracket.

CAUTION: Wrap tape around the turn signal switch wire harness connector (Fig. 4) to prevent it from becoming entangled during removal.



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## Fig. 4 Taped Turn Signal Switch Wire Harness Connector

(10) Remove the turn signal switch retaining screws (Fig. 5), dimmer switch actuator arm, to remove the switch. Guide the switch straight up and out of the steering column.

(11) Remove the wiper switch wire harness and all the other wire harnesses located within the steering column.

(12) Insert the ignition switch key into the key/lock cylinder and turn to the ON position.

## CAUTION: Do not attempt to remove the key warning buzzer switch and contacts separately. If separated, the contacts can detach and drop into the steering column.

(13) Remove the key warning buzzer switch and contacts as a unit (Fig. 6). Use needle-nose pliers or a paper clip bent at a right angle (90 degrees).

(14) Turn ignition key/lock cylinder to the ON position. Insert a thin screwdriver into the slot adjacent to the switch attaching screw boss (right-hand slot).

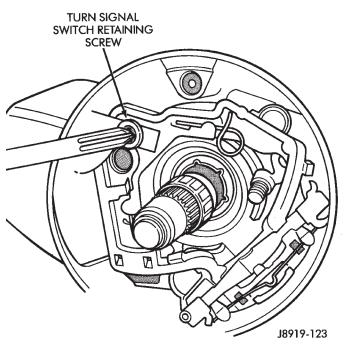
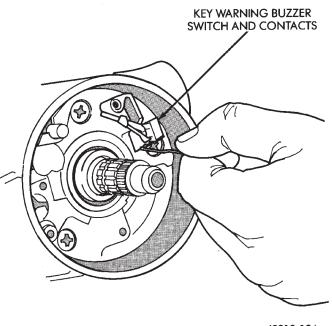


Fig. 5 Turn Signal Switch Retaining Screw



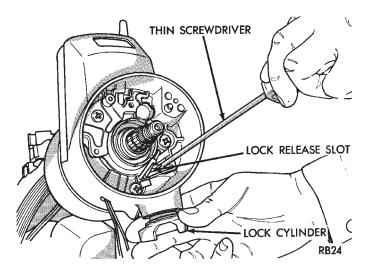
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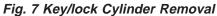
#### Fig. 6 Key Warning Buzzer/Contacts Removal

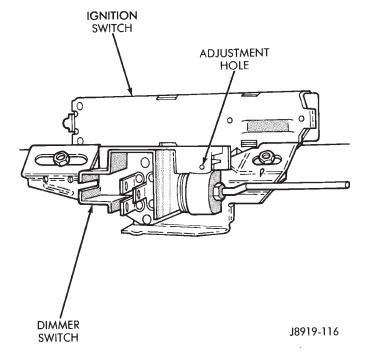
Depress the spring latch located at the bottom of the slot to release the key/lock cylinder. Remove the key/ lock cylinder. (Fig. 7).

(15) Remove the ignition switch and the dimmer switch (Fig. 8) from the lower end of the steering column.

Proceed to Column Shift Disassembly Procedure or Console Shift Disassembly Procedure.









## COLUMN SHIFT DISASSEMBLY

(1) Remove the gear selector lever upper pivot pin and the selector lever.

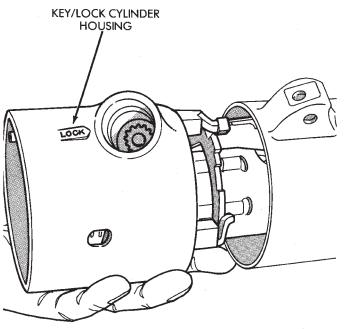
(2) Remove the upper bearing thrust washer.

(3) Remove the four screws that attach the key/ lock cylinder housing to the steering column jacket. Remove the housing (Fig. 9).

(4) Remove the thrust cap from the key/lock cylinder housing (Fig. 10).

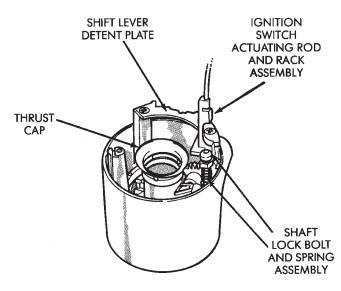
(5) Remove the ignition switch actuating rod and rack from the key/lock cylinder housing (Fig. 10).

(6) Remove the rack preload spring and the shaft lock bolt and spring from the key/lock cylinder housing. Remove the shift lever detent plate from the housing (Fig. 10).



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## Fig. 9 Key/Lock Cylinder Housing



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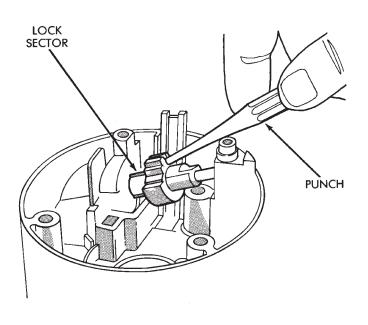
#### Fig. 10 Key/Lock Cylinder Housing Components

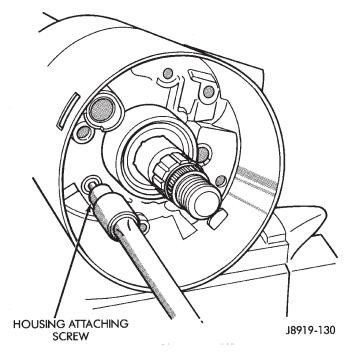
(7) Use a blunt punch to exert force on the block tooth to disengage and remove the lock sector (Fig. 11).

(8) Remove the gear selector lever housing and the shroud from the steering column jacket.

(9) Remove the gear selector lever spring from the lever housing.

The steering column must be removed from the vehicle to disassemble the remaining steering column components.

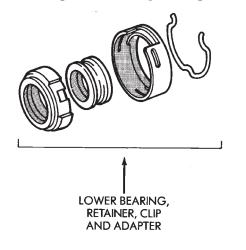




#### Fig. 11 Lock Sector Removal

(10) Remove the steering shaft (if not previously removed).

(11) Remove the spring clip from the steering column lower bearing retainer. Remove the retainer, the lower bearing and the adapter (Fig. 12).



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## Fig. 12 Lower Bearing, Adapter, Retainer & Clip

(12) Slide out and remove the shift tube.

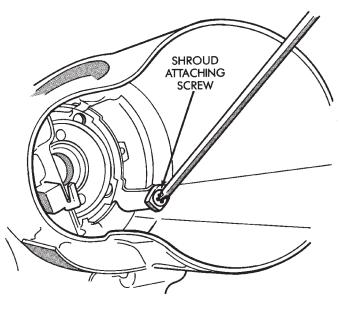
## **CONSOLE SHIFT DISASSEMBLY**

(1) Remove the screws that attach the key/lock cylinder housing and the shroud to the steering column jacket (Fig. 13).

- (2) Remove the dimmer switch actuator arm.
- (3) Disengage the remote rod from the lock rack.

## Fig. 13 Key/Lock Cylinder Housing Removal

(4) Remove the key/lock cylinder housing-to-shroud attaching screws (Fig. 14). Separate the housing and the shroud.



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#### Fig. 14 Housing/Shroud Attaching Screw

(5) Remove the wave washer from the key release lever pivot. Remove the key release lever and the pivot.

(6) Remove the lock rack and the lock bolt (Fig. 15).

(7) Remove the lock rack preload spring.

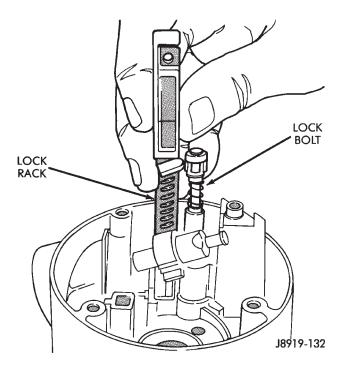
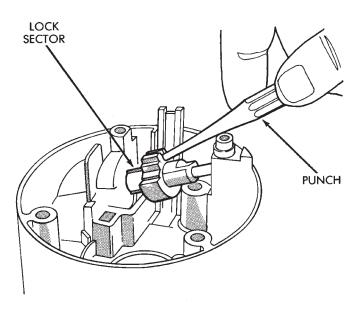


Fig. 15 Lock Rack & Lock Bolt

(8) Use a blunt punch to exert force on the block tooth to disengage and remove the lock sector (Fig. 16).

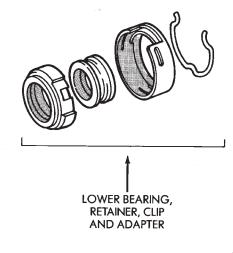


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#### Fig. 16 Lock Sector Removal

The steering column must be removed from the vehicle to disassemble the remaining steering column components.

(9) Remove the steering shaft (if not previously removed). (10) Remove the spring clip from the lower bearing retainer. Remove the retainer, the bearing and the adapter (Fig. 17).



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Fig. 17 Lower Bearing Components

#### ASSEMBLY

Proceed to Column Shift Assembly Procedure or Console Shift Assembly Procedure.

WARNING: USE ONLY THE ORIGINAL OR EXACT REPLACEMENT SCREWS, BOLTS AND NUTS TO ASSEMBLE THE STEERING COLUMN. INCORRECT SCREW OR BOLT LENGTH COULD PREVENT THE COLUMN FROM COMPRESSING WITH IMPACT (FRONT-END COLLISION). ALL FASTENERS USED FOR ASSEMBLY MUST BE TIGHTENED WITH THE CORRECT TORQUE. THIS WILL ENSURE THE COL-UMN WILL BREAKAWAY WITH IMPACT.

CAUTION: Apply chassis lubricant to all the bearing, thrust and friction producing mating surfaces before assembly.

## **COLUMN SHIFT ASSEMBLY**

(1) Insert the lock sector through the key/lock cylinder hole in the key/lock cylinder housing. Install the lock sector on the lock sector shaft (Fig. 18). Ensure that the lock sector turns freely after installation.

(2) Install the lock rack preload spring. The bowed side of the spring must contact the lock rack when the rack is installed.

(3) Assemble the lock bolt and the lock rack (Fig. 19).

(4) Install the assembled lock bolt and lock rack in the key/lock cylinder housing (Fig. 20). Mate the lock rack block tooth with the lock sector block tooth.

(5) Install the shift lever detent plate on the key/lock cylinder housing (Fig. 21).

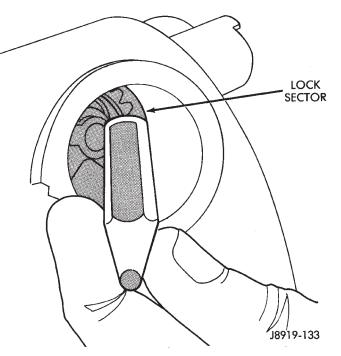
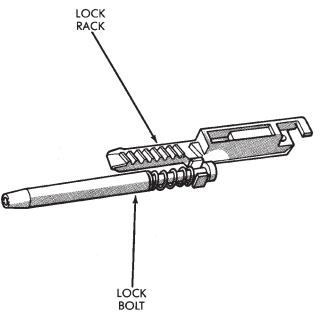


Fig. 18 Lock Sector Installation



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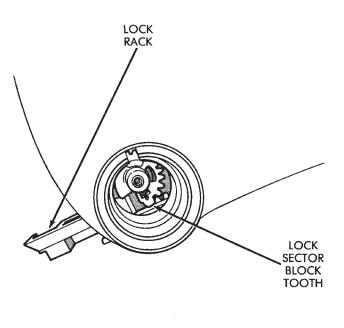
## Fig. 19 Lock Bolt & Lock Rack

(6) Install the thrust cap on the key/lock cylinder housing (Fig. 21).

(7) Install the ignition switch actuating rod and rack on the key/lock cylinder housing.

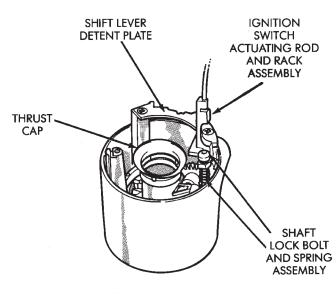
(8) Insert and install the gear selector lever housing lower bearing the housing. Align the indentations in the bearing shell with the projections on the housing jacket.

(9) Install the gear selector lever spring in the lever housing.



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Fig. 20 Lock Bolt/Lock Rack Installation



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## Fig. 21 Key/Lock Cylinder Housing

(10) Install the gear selector lever housing and shroud on the upper end of the steering column jacket. Rotate the housing and ensure that the bearing is properly seated.

(11) Place the gear selector in the PARK position, and the lock rack pulled downward. Position and correctly seat the key/lock cylinder housing on the steering column jacket. Install and tighten the four attaching screws.

(12) Insert the shift tube in the lower end of the steering column jacket. Rotate it until the shift tube upper key slides into the gear selector housing keyway.

#### **CONSOLE SHIFT ASSEMBLY**

(1) Insert the lock sector through the key/lock cylinder hole in the cylinder housing. Install the lock sector on the lock sector shaft (Fig. 22). Ensure that the lock sector turns freely after installation.

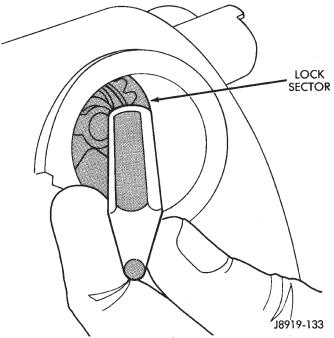
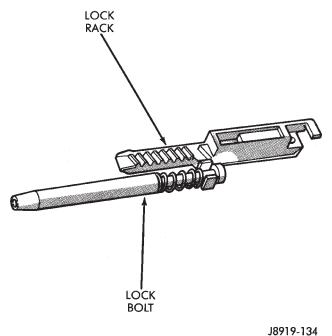
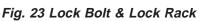


Fig. 22 Lock Sector Installation

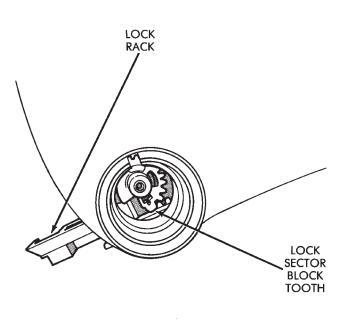
(2) Install the lock rack preload spring. The bowed side of the spring must contact the lock rack when the rack is installed.

(3) Assemble the lock bolt and the lock rack (Fig. 23).





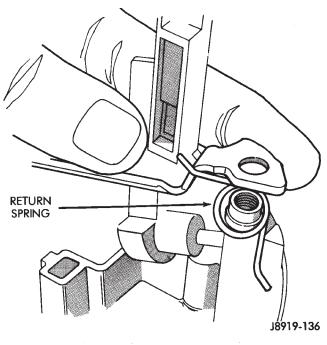
(4) Install the assembled lock bolt and lock rack in the cylinder housing (Fig. 24). Mate the lock rack block tooth with the lock sector block tooth.



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#### Fig. 24 Lock Bolt/Lock Rack Installation

(5) Install the key-release lever return spring over the threaded pivot post on the cylinder housing (Fig. 25).



## Fig. 25 Key-Release Lever Return Spring

(6) Insert the key-release lever finger into the lock rack slot. Position the hole in the lever over the threaded pivot post on cylinder housing (Fig. 26). Ensure that the inner end of the spring contacts the release lever.

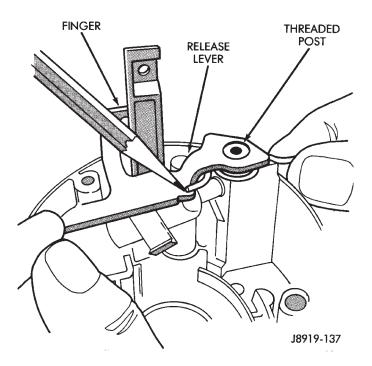
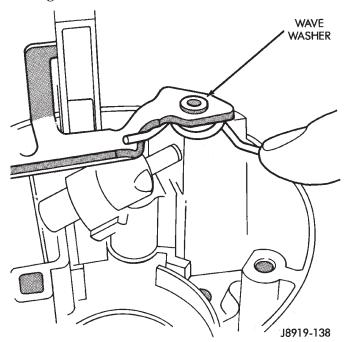


Fig. 26 Key-Release Lever Installation

(7) Raise the key-release lever slightly. Install the end of the lever spring between the lever and the boss on the housing (Fig. 27).

(8) Apply chassis lubricant to the wave washer (Fig. 27). Position it on the threaded pivot post and resting on the release lever.



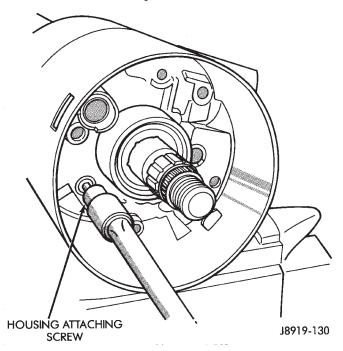
## Fig. 27 Spring Positioning & Wave Washer Installation

(9) Position the shroud on the key/lock cylinder housing and install the attaching screws. Tighten the screws to 2 N·m (18 in. lbs.) torque. **Ensure that the wave washer (Fig. 27) is not displaced while** 

## attaching the shroud to the cylinder housing.

(10) Insert the short, hooked end of the remote rod in the lock rack.

(11) Install the assembled key/lock cylinder housing and shroud on the steering column jacket. Install the attaching screws (Fig. 28). Tighten the screws to 7 N·m (60 in. lbs.) torque.



## Fig. 28 Key/Lock Cylinder Housing Installation COLUMN SHIFT OR CONSOLE SHIFT FINAL ASSEMBLY

(1) To install ignition switch lock, turn the key to the LOCK position and remove the key. This will cause the buzzer operating lever to retract in the key/lock cylinder. Now insert the key/lock cylinder into the housing far enough to contact the drive shaft (Fig. 29). Force it inward and move the ignition switch actuator rod up and down to align the components. When the components align, the key/lock cylinder will move inward and lock in place.

(2) Install the key warning buzzer switch.

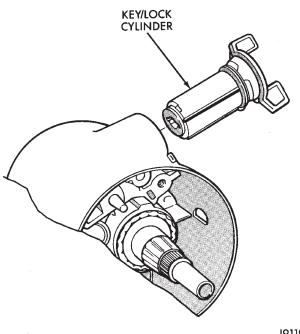
(3) Install the ignition switch, refer to Ignition Switch —All Models in Group 8D, Ignition.

(4) Install the lower bearing, the adapter, the retainer and spring clip at the lower end of the steering column.

(5) Install the steering shaft through the lower end of the steering column and insert it into the upper bearing.

(6) Position the turn signal switch and wire harness in the cylinder housing. Fold the wires against the connector. Route the connector down through the steering column jacket.

(7) Install the windshield wiper wire harness and switch. Route the wire harness down through steering column jacket.



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#### Fig. 29 Key/Lock Cylinder Installation

(8) Align the turn signal switch in the housing and secure the switch with the attaching screws. Tighten the screws to 4 N·m (35 in. lbs.) torque.

(9) Install the dimmer switch actuator arm. Tighten the attaching screws to 4 N·m (35 in. lbs.) torque.

(10) If equipped, install the cruise control wire harness. Install the turn signal stalk by pushing it straight into the column.

(11) Position the thrust washer, the upper bearing preload spring and the canceling cam on the steering shaft (Fig. 30).

(12) Place the turn signal switch in the neutral (OFF) position and install the hazard warning switch knob.

(13) Position the lockplate on the steering shaft. Install a replacement lockplate retaining snap ring on the sleeve of the Lock Plate Compressor C-4156 (J-23653-B). Install the tool on the steering shaft (Fig. 31).

(14) Compress the lockplate with the compressor tool and position the retaining snap ring in the steering shaft groove.

(15) Ensure that the retaining snap ring is completely seated in the groove before removing the tool. Remove the tool and install the lockplate cover.

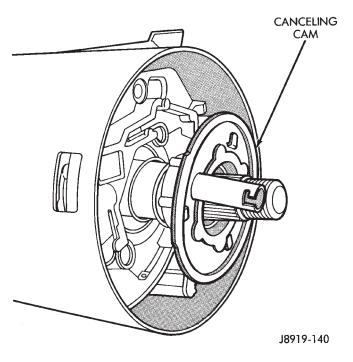


Fig. 30 Canceling Cam Position

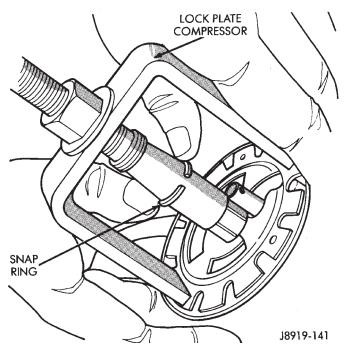


Fig. 31 Lockplate Snap Ring Installation

(16) Install the steering wheel. Refer to the installation procedure. Tighten the steering wheel retaining nut to 34 N·m (25 ft. lbs.) torque.

(17) If removed, install the steering column in the vehicle. Refer to the installation procedure.

(18) If disconnected, connect the battery negative cable and, if equipped, reset the clock

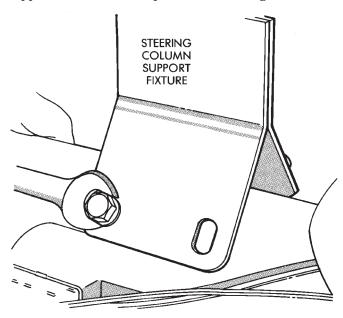
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# TILT STEERING COLUMN

#### DISASSEMBLY

(1) Remove the steering column from the vehicle, if necessary. Refer to the removal procedure.

(2) If the column is removed for service, fabricate a support fixture to clamp it in a vise (Fig. 1).



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#### Fig. 1 Steering Column Support Fixture

(3) If the steering column has not been removed from the vehicle, place the front wheels in the straight-ahead position. Disconnect the battery negative cable.

(4) Protect the painted areas on the steering column.

(5) Remove the steering wheel. Refer to the removal procedure.

(6) Column shift: Remove the gear selector lever retaining pin and the lever from the housing.

(7) Remove the lockplate cover. Use two small pry bars to pry the cover off the lockplate.

## WARNING: THE LOCKPLATE RETAINS A VERY STRONG, SPRING FORCE. DO NOT ATTEMPT TO REMOVE THE STEERING SHAFT RETAINING SNAP RING WITHOUT USING LOCKPLATE COMPRESSOR C-4156 (J-23653-B).

(8) Compress the lockplate with Lock Plate Compressor C-4156 (J-23653-B) and release the steering shaft retaining snap ring (Fig. 2).

(9) Remove the lockplate compressor tool and the retaining snap ring. Discard the snap ring.

(10) Remove the lockplate, canceling cam, upper bearing preload spring, and the thrust washer from the steering column/shaft.

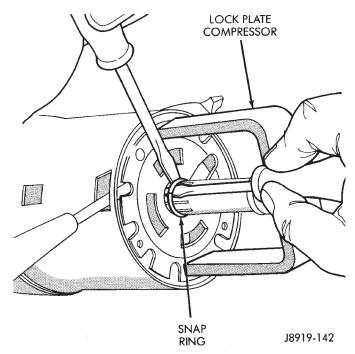


Fig. 2 Lockplate Snap Ring Removal

(11) Remove the hazard warning switch knob. Press the knob inward and remove it from the steering column by turning it counterclockwise.

(12) If the steering column is the column shift type, remove the two retaining screws and the gear selector indicator cover.

(13) If the steering column is the column shift type, remove the gear selector indicator lamp bracket retaining screw. Do not remove the lamp and bracket at this time.

(14) Remove the tilt-release lever.

(15) Disconnect the turn signal wire harness connector from the bracket located at the lower end of the steering column (Fig. 3).

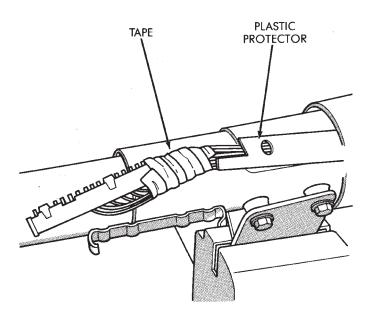
# CAUTION: Wrap tape around the turn signal switch wire harness connector to prevent it from becoming entangled during removal.

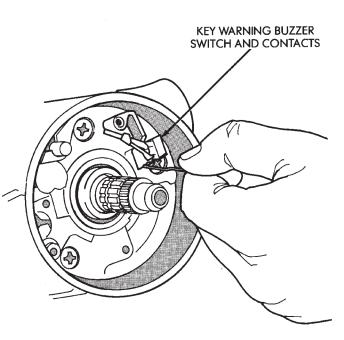
(16) Remove the plastic protector from the wire harness.

(17) Remove the turn signal switch retaining screws (Fig. 4), dimmer switch actuator arm, to remove the switch. Guide the switch straight up and out of the steering column.

(18) Remove the windshield wiper switch wire harness and all the other wire harnesses located within the steering column.

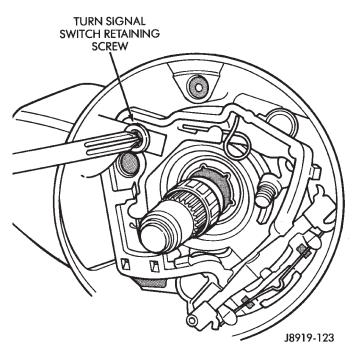
(19) Insert the ignition switch key into the key/lock cylinder. Turn the key to the ON position.





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## Fig. 4 Turn Signal Switch Removal

CAUTION: Do not attempt to remove the key warning buzzer switch and contacts separately. If separated, the contacts can detach and drop into the steering column.

(20) Remove the key warning buzzer switch and contacts as a unit (Fig. 5). Use needle-nose pliers or a paper clip bent at a right angle (90 degrees).

(21) Turn ignition key/lock cylinder to the ON position. Insert a thin screwdriver into the slot adjacent to the switch attaching screw boss (right-hand slot).

## Fig. 5 Key Warning Buzzer/Contacts Removal

Depress the spring latch located at the bottom of the slot to release the key/lock cylinder. Remove the cylinder (Fig. 6).

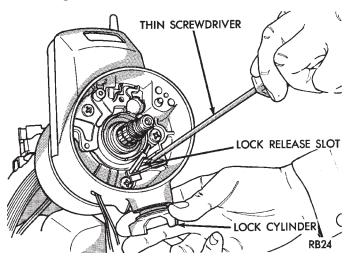


Fig. 6 Key/lock Cylinder Removal

(22) Remove the ignition switch and dimmer switch (Fig. 7) from the lower end of the steering column.

(23) Remove the screws that attach the key/lock cylinder housing cover to the steering column jacket. Remove the cover.

(24) Remove the upper bearing race and the bearing seat from the steering shaft (Fig. 8).

(25) Install the tilt-release lever and place the steering column in the full upward tilt position.

WARNING: THE TILT SPRING GUIDE RETAINER RE-TAINS STRONG SPRING FORCE.

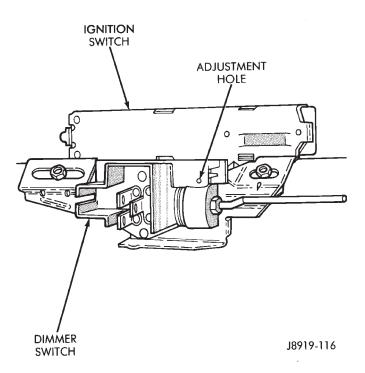
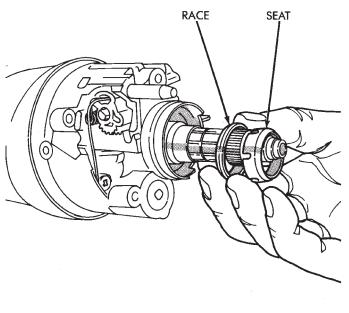


Fig. 7 Ignition Switch & Dimmer Switch

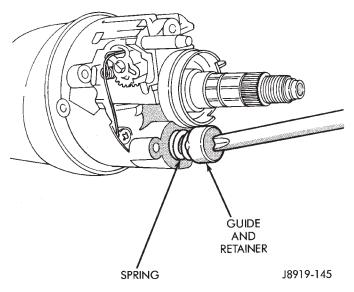


## Fig. 8 Steering Shaft Bearing Race & Seat

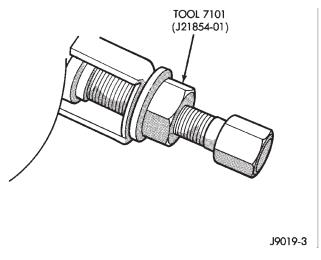
(26) Press the tilt spring guide retainer inward. Turn it counterclockwise until the tabs disengage from the key/lock cylinder housing lugs. Ensure that the screwdriver blade properly fits the retainer slot. Remove the tilt spring guide retainer, the guide and the spring from the housing (Fig. 9).

(27) Position the steering column in the center, non-tilt position.

(28) Remove the support pivot pins with Pivot Pin Remover C-4016 (J-21854-01) (Fig. 10).







#### Fig. 10 Pivot Pin Removal

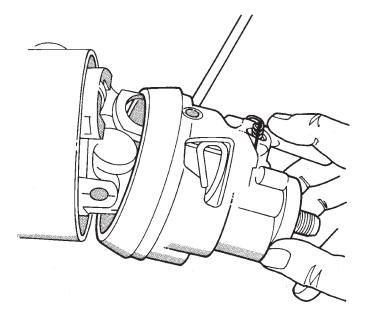
(29) Lift the tilt-release lever to release the lock shoes. Pull the key/lock cylinder housing upward to disengage the shoes. Turn the housing clockwise to separate the lock rack from the remote rod. Remove the cylinder housing from the support (Fig. 11).

(30) Remove the tilt-release lever from the key/ lock cylinder housing.

(31) Remove the lock sector spring retaining screw and then remove the spring (Fig. 12). Rotate the spring in a clockwise direction to remove it from the lock bolt.

(32) Remove the lock bolt, the lock rack, the rack preload spring and the remote rod from the cylinder housing.

(33) Insert a wedge between the lock shoes and the key/lock cylinder housing (Fig. 13). This will relieve spring tension on the tilt-release lever pin and lock shoe pin.



#### Fig. 11 Key/Lock Cylinder Housing Removal

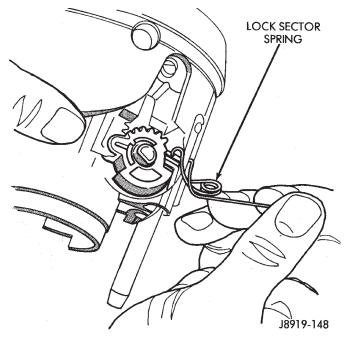


Fig. 12 Lock Sector Spring Removal

(34) Remove the tilt-release lever pin from the key/lock cylinder housing with a standard pin punch (Fig. 14).

(35) Remove the lock shoe pin from the key/lock cylinder housing with a standard pin punch (Fig. 15). Remove the lock shoes, the springs and wedge.

(36) Remove the upper and the lower bearings and races from the key/lock cylinder only if they are damaged or worn. If the bearings and the races must be replaced, remove them with a hammer and punch. Discard the bearings and races after removal. They are not reusable.

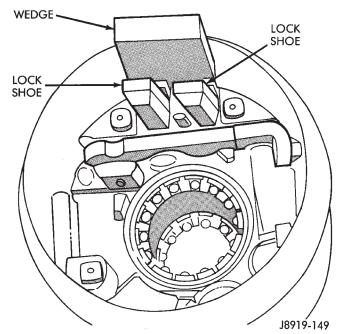


Fig. 13 Wedge Between Lock Shoes & Housing

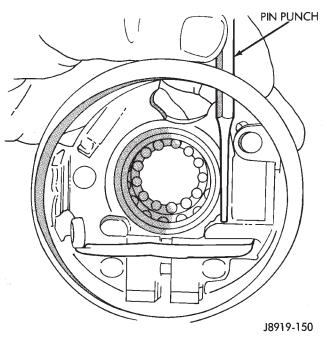


Fig. 14 Tilt-release Lever Pin Removal

(37) Remove the steering shaft from the upper end of the steering column.

(38) Separate the steering shaft by folding it 90 degrees at the flexible joint. Detach the upper and the lower shaft halves (Fig. 16).

(39) Remove the attaching bolts and the steering column support (Fig. 17).

(40) Remove the retaining screws and shift gate from the steering column support.

(41) Remove the retainer and the bearing from the lower end of the steering column.

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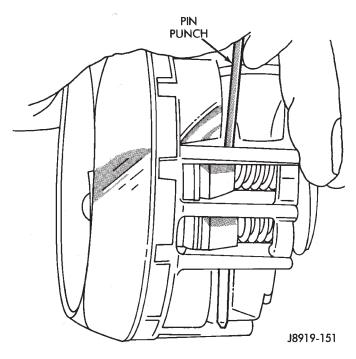


Fig. 15 Lock Shoe Pin Removal

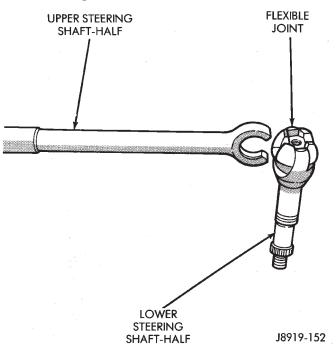


Fig. 16 Steering Shaft Separation

(42) Remove the shift tube retaining ring and the thrust washer.

(43) Remove the shift tube from the steering column jacket with Shift Tube Remover C-4120 (J-23072) (Fig. 18).

(44) Tilt the upper end of the retainer plate toward the lower end of the column, turn the plate counterclockwise and remove it (Fig. 19).

(45) If equipped with a column shift:

• Remove the wave washer and the shift tube spring

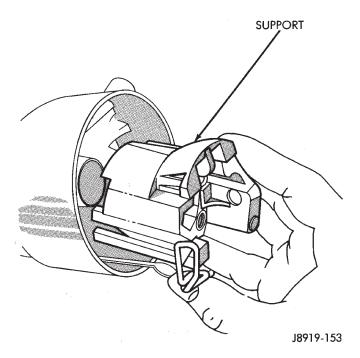
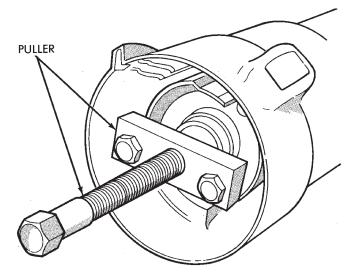


Fig. 17 Steering Column Support Removal



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## Fig. 18 Shift Tube Removal

• Remove the shift bowl from the steering column jacket

(46) If equipped with a console shift, remove the key-release lever and the lever spring from the shroud. Tilt the lever forward and lift upward to remove it (Fig. 20).

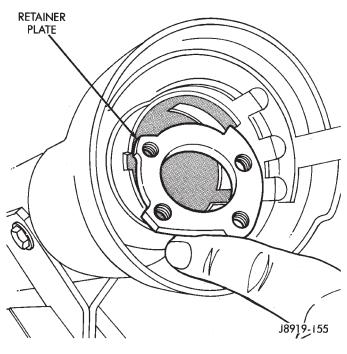


Fig. 19 Retainer Plate Removal

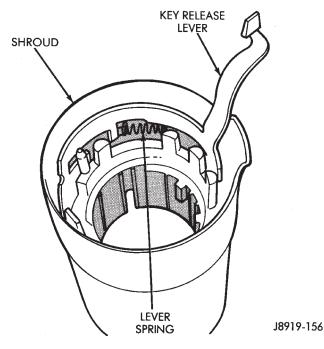


Fig. 20 Key-Release Lever & Spring Removal ASSEMBLY

WARNING: USE ONLY THE ORIGINAL OR EXACT REPLACEMENT SCREWS, BOLTS AND NUTS TO ASSEMBLE THE STEERING COLUMN. INCORRECT SCREW OR BOLT LENGTH COULD PREVENT THE COLUMN FROM COMPRESSING WITH IMPACT (FRONT-END COLLISION). ALL FASTENERS USED FOR ASSEMBLY MUST BE TIGHTENED WITH THE CORRECT TORQUE. THIS WILL ENSURE THE COL-UMN WILL BREAKAWAY WITH IMPACT. CAUTION: Apply chassis lubricant to all the bearing, thrust and friction producing mating surfaces before assembly.

#### **COLUMN SHIFT ASSEMBLY**

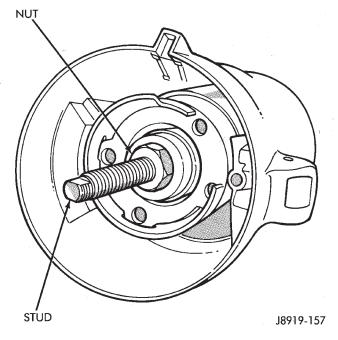
(1) Install the shift bowl on the steering column jacket.

(2) Install the shift tube spring, wave washer and retainer plate in the shift bowl.

(3) Insert the shift tube through the lower end of the steering column jacket. Align the tube key/spline with the shift bowl keyway.

(4) Insert the Shift Tube Installer C-4119 (J-23073-01) in the shift tube. The spring-loaded lower foot of the tool must engage the shift tube inner shoulder. The tool guide must be seated in the shift tube (Fig. 21).

(5) Tighten the nut on the stud (Fig. 21) only enough to obtain a snug fit against the spring tension.



#### Fig. 21 Shift Tube Installation

(6) Remove the nut and place the receiver installation tool over the stud (Fig. 22).

(7) Install the nut and tighten it to force the shift tube into the shift bowl (Fig. 22).

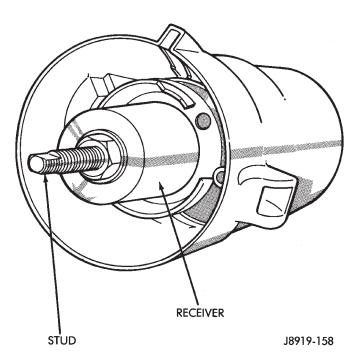
(8) Remove the shift tube installation tools.

(9) Install the shift tube thrust washer and the retainer plate snap ring.

(10) Install the lower bearing in the steering column.

(11) Position the shift gate in the steering column support. Install the attaching screws.

(12) Position the support in the steering column.



#### Fig. 22 Shift Tube Installation

(13) Install all support attaching screws fingertight. Next, tighten the screws alternately and evenly to 7 N·m (60 in. lbs.) torque.

(14) Install the remote rod in the support. Route the rod through the upper end of the shroud and insert it into the rod slot located in the support.

(15) Install the dimmer switch and ignition switch.

(16) Install the steering shaft in the steering column.

(17) Install replacement races and bearings in the key/lock cylinder, if removed. **Ensure that the bearings are lubricated with chassis lubricant before installation.** 

(18) Install the lock shoes, the lock shoe springs and the lock shoe pin the key/lock cylinder housing. Use a 4.5-mm (0.18-in) diameter rod to align the shoes and the pin during installation.

(19) Install the tilt-release lever, the lever spring and the lever pin in the key/lock cylinder housing. Insert a wedge between the housing and the lever to relieve the spring tension. This will allow easier release lever pin installation.

(20) Install the lock bolt in the key/lock cylinder housing and engage it in the lock sector cam surface.

(21) Install the lock rack, the rack preload spring and a replacement shim in the key/lock cylinder housing. Align and mate the square block tooth on the lock rack and the lock sector.

(22) Install the lock spring and the spring retaining screw. Tighten the screw to 4 N·m (35 in. lbs.) torque.

(23) Align and install the assembled key/lock cylinder housing on the support. Retain the lock shoes in the disengaged position for easier housing installation. (24) Align the pivot pin holes in the housing with those in the support. Insert the pivot pins. **Press the housing firmly downward when inserting the pivot pins. This prevents damaging the holes in the support.** When the pivot pins are within both the housing and the support holes, seat them fully with a punch and a hammer.

(25) Insert tilt-release lever in key/lock cylinder housing and place housing in the full-upward tilt position.

(26) Lubricate the tilt spring guide and the tilt spring liberally with chassis lubricant and position the spring on the guide.

(27) Insert the tilt spring guide and the spring into the key/lock cylinder housing. Install the guide retainer over the spring. Engage the retainer lock tabs with the housing lugs by pressing the retainer downward and turning clockwise with a screwdriver.

(28) Place the cover on the key/lock cylinder housing. Align and install the cover retaining screws. Tighten the screws to 7 N·m (60 in. lbs.) torque.

(29) Install the gear selector indicator lamp mounting bracket screw.

(30) Install the gear selector indicator cover and retaining screws.

(31) Route the dimmer switch wire harness and gear selector indicator down through the steering column.

(32) To install ignition switch lock, turn the key to the LOCK position and remove the key. This will cause the buzzer operating lever to retract in the key/lock cylinder. Now insert the key/lock cylinder into the housing far enough to contact the drive shaft. Force it inward and move the ignition switch actuator rod up and down to align the components. When the components align, the key/lock cylinder will move inward and the spring-loaded retainer will snap and lock it in place (Fig. 23).

(33) Insert the ignition key in the cylinder and turn it to the ON position. Install the key warning buzzer switch.

(34) Install the turn signal switch. Fold the wires against the connector. Route the wire harness and connector down through the steering column. Position the switch in the key/lock cylinder housing. **Do not** install the switch retaining screws at this time.

(35) Install the windshield wiper wire harness and switch. Route the wire harness down through steering column jacket.

(36) If equipped, install the cruise control wire harness. Install the turn signal stalk by pushing it straight into the column.

(37) Insert the hazard warning knob in the hazard warning switch and press it inward. Align and install the turn signal switch retaining screws. Ensure that the turn signal switch is properly seated before tightening the screws. Tighten the screws to 4 N·m

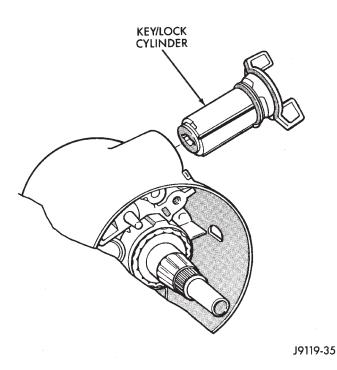


Fig. 23 Key/Lock Cylinder Installation

(33 in. lbs.) torque. Thread the hazard warning switch knob into the switch and pull the knob outward.

(38) Install and seat the upper bearing race in the key/lock cylinder housing.

(39) Install the upper bearing preload spring, the canceling cam and the lockplate.

(40) Install a replacement lockplate retaining snap ring on the sleeve of the Lock Plate Compressor C-4156 (J-23653-B). Install the tool on the steering shaft (Fig. 24).

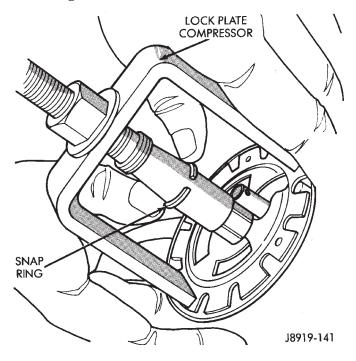


Fig. 24 Lockplate Retaining Ring Installation

(41) Compress the lockplate with the compressor tool and position the retaining snap ring in the steering shaft groove.

(42) Remove the compressor tool. Ensure that the retaining ring is completely seated in the groove before removing the tool.

(43) Position the wire harness protectors if equipped, over the harnesses and snap in place on steering column.

(44) Install the lockplate cover.

(45) Install the gear selector lever and the retaining pin.

(46) Install the steering wheel. Refer to the installation procedure.

(47) Insert the ignition key in the key/lock cylinder; turn the cylinder to the OFF-UNLOCK position; move the ignition switch downward to eliminate any switch-to-remote rod lash; and tighten the ignition switch attaching screws to 4 N·m (35 in. lbs.) torque.

(48) Depress the dimmer switch slightly and insert a 3/32-inch drill bit into the adjustment hole.

(49) Loosen the retaining screws and move the dimmer switch toward the steering wheel. Tighten the dimmer switch retaining screws to 4 N·m (35 in. lbs.) torque.

(50) Remove the drill bit and test operation by moving the dimmer switch stalk. Test the dimmer switch operation in the full-up, down and center steering wheel positions.

(51) Install the steering column, if applicable. Refer to the installation procedure.

#### **CONSOLE SHIFT ASSEMBLY**

(1) Position the key-release lever spring on the lever and install the lever with the spring in the shroud.

(2) Align and install the shroud on the steering column jacket.

(3) Install the retainer plate. Tilt the plate toward the 12 o'clock position, slide it under the steering column jacket opening, and seat it in the jacket notches.

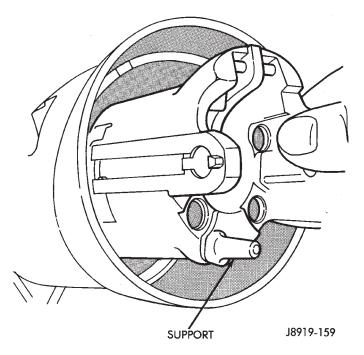
(4) Align the steering column jacket V-notch with the corresponding V on the support. Install the support in the steering column. To completely seat the support, press the key-release lever downward while pressing the support into place (Fig. 25).

(5) Install all the support retaining screws fingertight. Next, tighten the screws alternately and evenly to 7 N·m (60 in. lbs.) torque.

(6) Install the remote rod in the support. Route the rod through the upper end of the shroud and insert it into the rod slot located in the support.

(7) Install the dimmer switch and the ignition switch.

(8) Install the steering shaft in the steering column.



## Fig. 25 Steering Column Support Installation

(9) Install replacement races and bearings in the key/lock cylinder, if removed. **Ensure that the bearings are lubricated with chassis lubricant be-fore installation.** 

(10) Install the lock shoes, the lock shoe springs and the lock shoe pin the key/lock cylinder housing. Use a 4.5-mm (0.18-in) diameter rod to align the shoes and the pin during installation.

(11) Install the tilt-release lever, the lever spring and the lever pin in the key/lock cylinder housing. Insert a wedge between the housing and the lever to relieve the spring tension. This will allow easier release lever pin installation.

(12) Install the lock bolt in the key/lock cylinder housing and engage it in the lock sector cam surface.

(13) Install the lock rack, the rack preload spring and a replacement shim in the key/lock cylinder housing. The square block tooth on the lock rack and lock sector must mate.

(14) Install the lock spring and the spring retaining screw. Tighten the screw to 4 N·m (35 in. lbs.) torque.

(15) Align and install the assembled key/lock cylinder housing on the support. Retain the lock shoes in the disengaged position for easier housing installation.

(16) Align the pivot pin holes in the key/lock cylinder housing with those in the support and insert the pivot pins. **Press the housing firmly downward when inserting the pivot pins to prevent damaging the holes in the support.** When the pivot pins are within both the housing and the support holes, seat them fully with a punch and a hammer.

(17) Insert the tilt-release lever in the key/lock cylinder housing and place the housing in the full-upward tilt position.

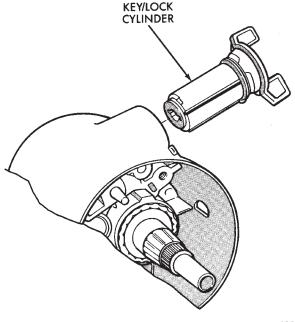
(18) Lubricate tilt spring guide and tilt spring liberally with chassis lubricant. Then position spring on guide.

(19) Insert the tilt spring guide and the spring into the key/lock cylinder housing. Install the guide retainer over the spring. Engage the retainer lock tabs with the housing lugs by pressing the retainer downward and turning clockwise with a screwdriver.

(20) Place the cover on the key/lock cylinder housing. Align and install the cover retaining screws. Tighten the screws to 7 N·m (60 in. lbs.) torque.

(21) Route the dimmer switch wire harness down through the steering column.

(22) To install ignition switch lock, turn the key to the LOCK position and remove the key. This will cause the buzzer operating lever to retract in the key/lock cylinder. Now insert the key/lock cylinder into the housing far enough to contact the drive shaft. Force it inward and move the ignition switch actuator rod up and down to align the components. When the components align, the key/lock cylinder will move inward and the spring-loaded retainer will snap and lock it in place (Fig. 26).



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#### Fig. 26 Key/Lock Cylinder

(23) Insert the ignition key in the cylinder and turn it to the ON position. Install the key warning buzzer switch.

(24) Install the turn signal switch. Fold the wires against the connector. Route the wire harness and connector down through the steering column. Position the switch in the key/lock cylinder housing. **Do not** install the switch retaining screws at this time.

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(25) Install the windshield wiper wire harness and switch. Route the wire harness down through steering column jacket.

(26) If equipped, install the cruise control wire harness. Install the turn signal stalk by pushing it straight into the column.

(27) Insert the hazard warning knob in the hazard warning switch and press it inward. Align and install the turn signal switch retaining screws. Ensure that the turn signal switch is properly seated before tightening the screws. Tighten the screws to 4 N·m (33 in. lbs.) torque. Thread the hazard warning switch knob into the switch and pull the knob outward.

(28) Install and seat the upper bearing race in the key/lock cylinder housing.

(29) Install the upper bearing preload spring, the canceling cam and the lockplate.

(30) Install a replacement lockplate retaining snap ring on the sleeve of the Lock Plate Compressor C-4156 (J-23653-B). Install the tool on the steering shaft (Fig. 27).

(31) Compress the lockplate with the compressor tool and position the retaining snap ring in the steering shaft groove.

(32) Remove the compressor tool. Ensure that the retaining ring is completely seated in the groove before removing the tool.

(33) Position the wire harness protectors, if equipped, over the wire harnesses and snap them in place on the steering column.

(34) Install the lockplate cover.

(35) Install the steering wheel. Refer to the installation procedure.

(36) Insert the ignition key in the key/lock cylinder; turn the cylinder to the OFF-UNLOCK position ; move the ignition switch downward to eliminate

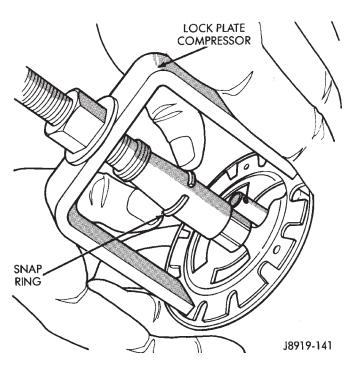


Fig. 27 Lockplate Retaining Ring Installation

any switch-to-remote rod lash; and tighten the ignition switch attaching screws to 4 N·m (35 in. lbs.) torque.

(37) Depress the dimmer switch slightly and insert a 3/32-inch drill bit into the adjustment hole.

(38) Loosen the retaining screws and move the dimmer switch toward the steering wheel to remove any lash. Tighten the dimmer switch retaining screws to 4 N·m (35 in. lbs.) torque.

(39) Remove the drill bit and test operation by moving the dimmer switch stalk. Test the dimmer switch operation in the full-up, down and center steering wheel positions.

(40) Install the steering column and steering wheel. Refer to the installation procedure.

(41) Connect the battery negative cable.

# STEERING RHD

## GENERAL SERVICE PROCEDURE INFORMATION

Right hand drive service procedures and torque specifications involving steering; linkage, gear and column are the same as left hand drive vehicles except where shown. Refer to appropriate service procedures regarding each component in the system.

The steering linkage consists of a pitman arm, drag link, and tie rod. Adjustment sleeves are used on the tie rod and drag link for toe and steering wheel alignment (Fig. 1).

## **RECIRCULATING-BALL POWER STEERING GEARS**

The steering gears can be adjusted and internally serviced. The components CANNOT be interchanged with those of a left hand drive vehicle.

The steering gear has a 17.5:1 ratio.

#### POWER STEERING PUMP

## PRESSURE AND RETURN LINE REPLACEMENT

Cap hose open ends and pump/steering gear fittings to prevent entry of foreign material.

WARNING: POWER STEERING FLUID (AND PUMP COMPONENTS) AND THE EXHAUST SYSTEM CAN BE EXTREMELY HOT IF THE ENGINE HAS BEEN RECENTLY OPERATING. DO NOT START THE EN-GINE WITH ANY LOOSE OR DISCONNECTED HOSES. DO NOT ALLOW THE LINES TO TOUCH A HOT EXHAUST MANIFOLD.

#### REMOVAL

(1) Place a drain pan under the pump and gear.

(2) Disconnect the pressure and return line from the steering gear (Fig. 2, 3).

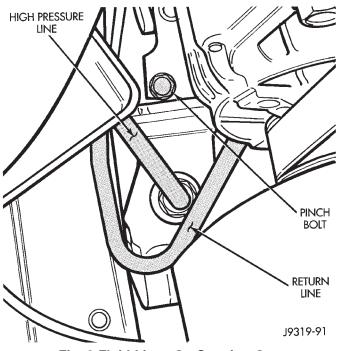


Fig. 2 Fluid Lines On Steering Gear

(3) Disconnect the pressure and return line from the pump (Fig. 4). Drain the fluid from pump and reservoir.

(4) Remove pressure and return line bracket at belt tensioner (Fig. 5).

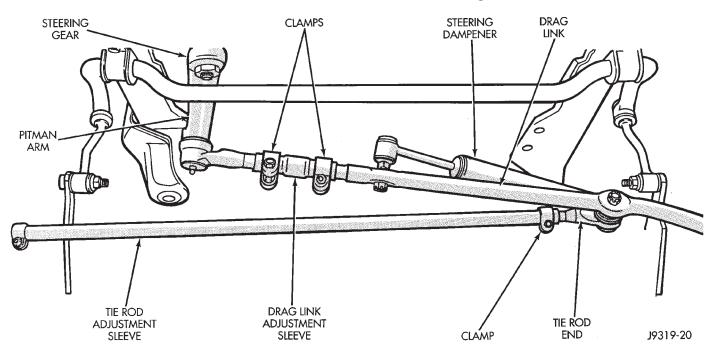


Fig. 1 RHD Steering Linkage

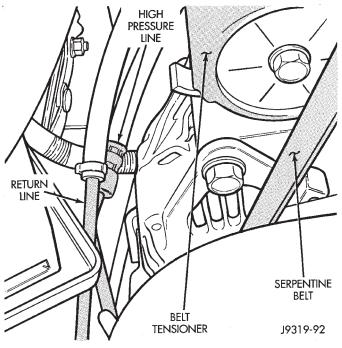


Fig. 3 Pressure And Return Lines

#### INSTALLATION

(1) Wipe hose ends, pump and gear unions clean.

(2) Install pressure and return line on the pump and gear (Fig. 2, 3, 4).

(3) Align the pressure and return line bracket to the tensioner bracket. Install the screw. Tighten the

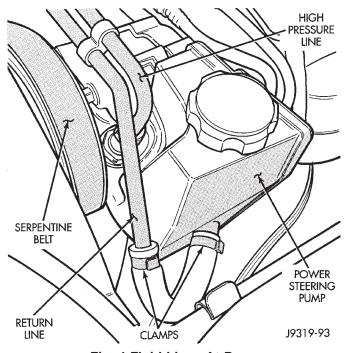


Fig. 4 Fluid Lines At Pump

screw to 28 N·m (21 ft. lbs.) torque.

(4) Tighten fittings at pump and gear to  $28 \text{ N}\cdot\text{m}$  (21 ft. lbs.) torque.

(5) After installation, add power steering fluid, inspect and test for fluid leaks.

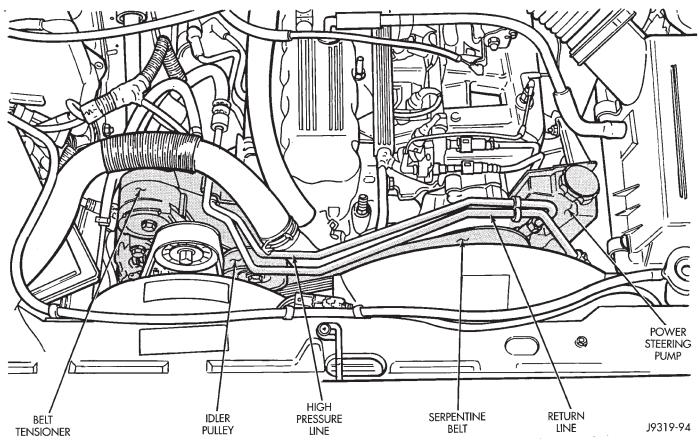


Fig. 5 Pressure And Return Line Routing

#### PUMP REPLACEMENT

#### REMOVAL

(1) Remove and cap pressure and return lines from pump. Refer to Pressure and Return Line Replacement in this section.

(2) Remove belt tension, turn tensioner clock-wise and slip belt off pulley (Fig. 6).

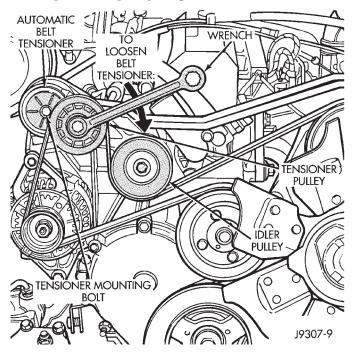


Fig. 6 Belt Tensioner

(3) Remove the screws retaining front bracket and pump to the rear bracket (Fig. 7, 8).

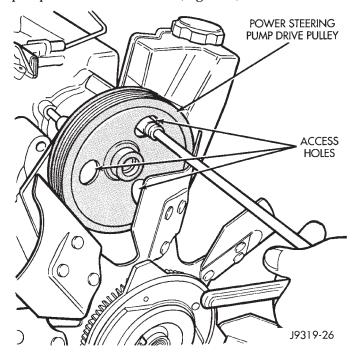


Fig. 7 Pump Mounting Screw Removal/Installation

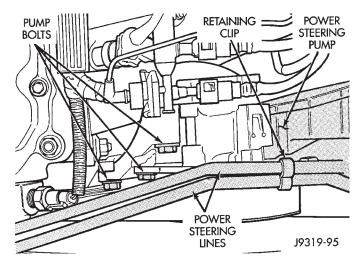


Fig. 8 Power Steering Pump Mounting

(4) Remove screws that attach the front bracket to the rear bracket (Fig. 9).

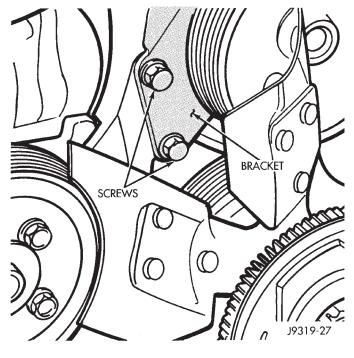


Fig. 9 Front Bracket

#### (5) Remove pump from bracket.

To remove the rear bracket from engine, the air conditioning compressor and bracket must be removed first. Refer to Group 24, Heating and Air Conditioning for removal procedures.

(6) Remove fan from pulley and hub on rear bracket.

(7) Remove 4 screws attaching the rear bracket to block (Fig. 10, 11).

(8) Remove bracket from engine.

#### INSTALLATION

(1) Install the rear bracket to engine. Install screws finger tight.

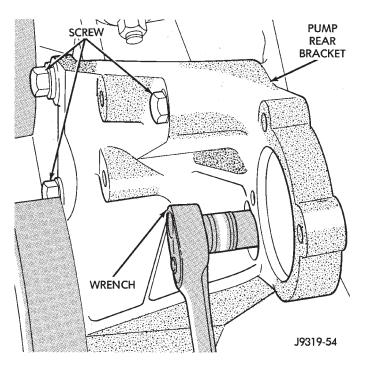


Fig. 10 Rear Bracket (Front View)

(2) Tighten front screws to 48 N·m (35 ft. lbs.) torque. Tighten side screw to 48 N·m (35 ft. lbs.) torque. It is important to torque the front screws FIRST and the side screw LAST. This will prevent the bracket from twisting or distorting.

(3) Install fan to pulley and hub. Tighten the nuts to 27 N·m (20 ft. lbs.) torque.

(4) Install air conditioning bracket and compressor to engine. Refer to Group 24, Heating and Air Conditioning for installation procedures.

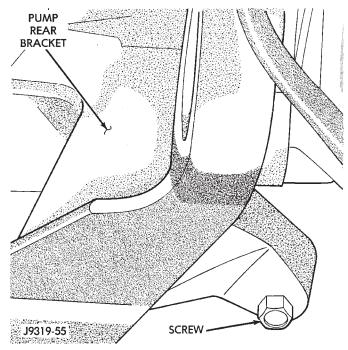


Fig. 11 Rear Bracket (Side View)

(5) Loose assemble screws through front bracket, pump and into rear bracket.

(6) Install screws that attach the front bracket to the rear bracket (Fig. 8). Tighten the screws to 27 N·m (20 ft. lbs.) torque (Fig. 7).

(7) Install belt, turn tensioner clockwise and slip belt onto pulley (Fig. 6).

(8) Install pressure and return lines to pump. Refer to Pressure and Return Line Replacement in this section.

(9) After installation, add power steering fluid, inspect and test for fluid leaks. Refer to Power Steering Pump—Initial Operation.

# **TORQUE SPECIFICATIONS**

Γ

## **POWER STEERING GEAR**

DESCRIPTION TORQUE	
Adjustment Plug Initial Adjustment	
Adjustment Plug Locknut	
Adjustment Screw Locknut	
Coupler Shaft Pinch Bolts	47 N·m (35 ft. lbs.)
Gear to Frame Bolts (XJ)	95 N·m (70 ft. lbs.)
Gear to Frame Bolts (YJ)	106 N·m (78 ft. lbs.)
Pitman Arm (Shaft) Nut	
Return Guide Clamp Screw	58 N·m (43 in. lbs.)
Rack-Piston Plug	102 N·m (75 ft. lbs.)
Side Cover Bolts	

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## MANUAL STEERING GEAR

DESCRIPTION	TORQUE	
Adjustment Locknut Adjustment Screw Locknut Return Guide Clamp Screw Side Cover Bolts Adjustment Screw Locknut Gear to Frame Bolts (XJ), Gear to Frame Bolts (YJ)	34 N·m (25 ft. lbs.) 14 N·m (10 in. lbs.) 61 N·m (45 ft. lbs.) 34 N·m (25 ft. lbs.) 95 N·m (70 ft. lbs.)	

J9319-83

#### STEERING LINKAGE—XJ

DESCRIPTION	TORQUE	
Drag Link to Steering		
Knuckle Nut		
Drag Link to Pitman Arm Nut	74 N·m (55 ft. lbs.)	
Drag Link Adjustment Clamp Nut	49 N·m (36 ft. lbs.)	
Pitman Arm (Shaft) Nut	251 N·m (185 ft. lbs.)	
Steering Dampener to Axle		
Bracket Nut	74 N·m (55 ft. lbs.)	
Steering Dampener to Drag		
Link Nut	74 N·m (55 ft. lbs.)	
Tie Rod to Steering Knuckle Nut	47 N·m (35 ft. lbs.)	
Tie Rod Clamp Nut	27 N·m (20 ft. lbs.)	

J9319-84

## STEERING LINKAGE—YJ

DESCRIPTION	TORQUE
Drag Link to Tie Rod Nut	47 N·m (35 ft. lbs.)
Drag Link to Pitman Arm Nut	74 N·m (55 ft. lbs.)
Drag Link Adjustment Clamp Nut	27 N·m (20 ft. lbs.)
Pitman Arm (Shaft) Nut	251 N·m (185 ft. lbs.)
Steering Dampener to Axle	
Bracket Nut	74 N·m (55 ft. lbs.)
Steering Dampener to Tie	•
Rod Nut	74 N·m (55 ft. lbs.)
Tie Rod to Steering Knuckle Nut	47 N·m (35 ft. lbs.)
Tie Rod Adjustment Clamp Nut	49 N·m (36 ft. lbs.)

J9319-85

#### POWER STEERING PUMP

DESCRIPTION	TORQUE
Bracket to Block Bolts	47 N·m (35 ft. lbs.)
Pump to Adjustment Bracket	
Flow Control Valve to Pump Body	
High Pressure Fluid Fitting	
at Pump and Gear	28 N·m (21 ft. lbs.)
Return Fluid Fitting at Gear	28 N·m (21 ft. lbs.)

J9319-86

## STEERING COLUMN—XJ

DESCRIPTION	TORQUE	
Steering Wheel to Column		
Shaft Nut	35 N·m (26 ft. lbs.)	
Toe Plate Bolts/Nuts		
Upper Bracket Support Stud/Nuts	30 N·m (22 ft. lbs.)	
Support Plate to Column	20 N·m (180 in. lbs.)	
Coupler Shaft to Column	34 N·m (25 ft. lbs.)	

J9319-87

## STEERING COLUMN-YJ

DESCRIPTION	TORQUE	
Steering Wheel to Column Shaft Nut	34 N·m (25 ft. lbs.)	
Toe Plate Bolts/Nuts	21 N·m (192 in. lbs.)	
Upper Bracket Support Bolts Support Plate to Column	30 N·m (270 in. lbs.)	
Coupler Shaft to Column	34 N·m (300 in. lbs.)	